Credit Offtake Continues to Rise, Time-Deposit Growth Hits 9-Yr High



October 25, 2023 | BFSI Research

Synopsis

- Credit offtake continued to grow, increasing by 19.3% year on year (y-o-y) to reach Rs. 153.4 lakh crore for the fortnight ending October 6, 2023. This surge continues to be primarily driven by the impact of HDFC's merger with HDFC Bank and growth in personal loans. Meanwhile, if the impact of the merger is excluded, credit grew at a lower rate of 14.7% y-o-y fortnight compared to last year. The outlook for bank credit offtake remains positive, with a projected growth of 13-13.5% for FY24, excluding the merger's impact.
- Deposits too witnessed growth, increasing by 13.5% y-o-y for the fortnight (including the merger impact). Excluding merger impact growth stood at 12.7%. Sequentially we saw an increase of 1.7%. Deposit growth is expected to improve compared to current trends in FY24 as banks look to shore up their liability franchise and ensure that deposit growth does not constrain the credit offtake.
- The Short-term Weighted Average Call Rate (WACR) stood at 6.70% as of October 13, 2023, compared to 6.10% on October 14, 2022, due to pressure on short-term rates.



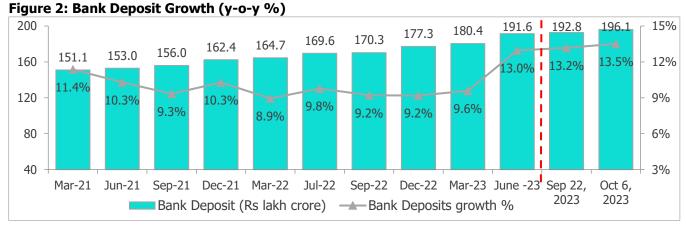
Bank Credit Growth Remains Elevated Figure 1: Bank Credit Growth Trend (y-o-y %, Rs. Lakh crore)

Note: Bank credit growth and related variations for all fortnights since December 3, 2021, are adjusted for past reporting errors by select scheduled commercial banks (SCBs). The quarter-end data reflect, the last fortnight's data of that particular quarter; Source: RBI, CareEdge

- Credit offtake increased by 19.3% year on year (y-o-y) and a sequential improvement of 1.3% for the fortnight ended October 6, 2023. It is important to note that the y-o-y figures are not directly comparable, as the data reported by the RBI as of October 6, 2023, includes the impact of the merger of HDFC with HDFC Bank. In absolute terms, over the last twelve months, credit offtake expanded by Rs. 24.8 lakh crore to reach Rs. 151.5 lakh crore as of October 6, 2023. Excluding the impact of the merger, the growth stood at 14.7% y-o-y for the fortnight. This growth continues to be primarily driven by continued demand for personal loans.
- The outlook for bank credit offtake continues to remain positive for FY24, supported by factors such as economic expansion and a continued push for retail credit which has been supported by improving digitalisation. CareEdge estimates that credit growth is likely to be in the range of 13.0%-13.5% for FY24, excluding the impact of the merger of HDFC with HDFC Bank. The personal loan segment is expected to

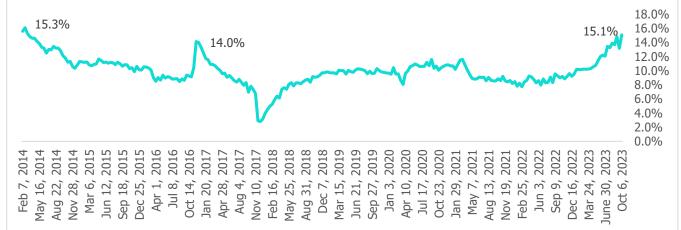


perform well compared to the industry and service segments in FY24. Furthermore, as the Credit to Deposit (CD) ratio remains elevated, growth in the liability franchise would play a significant role in sustaining loan growth. However, elevated interest rates and global uncertainties could potentially impact credit growth in India.



Note: The quarter-end data reflect, the last fortnight's data of that particular quarter; Source: RBI, CareEdge

Time Deposits y-o-y Growth Saw a Nine-Year High Figure 3: Time Deposit Growth (y-o-y %)



Source: RBI

- Deposits rose at 13.5% y-o-y for the fortnight (reported October 6, 2023) and increased by 1.7% sequentially, mainly driven by short-term rates. Without considering the merger, deposits rose by 12.7% y-o-y. Meanwhile, in absolute terms, deposits expanded by Rs. 22.3 lakh crore and reached Rs. 196.1 lakh crore as of October 6, 2023, compared to October 7, 2022.
- The banking system liquidity turned to deficit on account of I RBI FX intervention, healthy credit demand and tax outflows. Given concerns of elevated inflation, RBI would prefer to ensure there is just enough liquidity to meet credit demand (festival season) in the coming months. Healthy government spending and redemption of government securities in the coming months could aid in maintaining a balance. RBI could conduct VRRR auctions during periods when call rates touch the upper end of the LAF corridor.



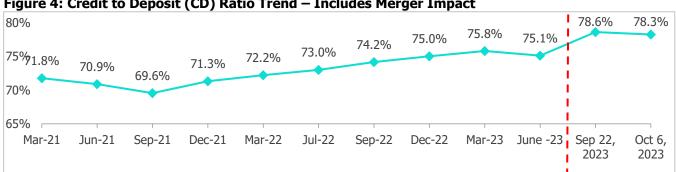


Figure 4: Credit to Deposit (CD) Ratio Trend – Includes Merger Impact

Note: The quarter-end data reflect the last fortnight's data of that quarter, and compares post-merger figures; Source: RBI, CareEdge

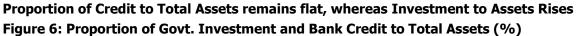
The CD ratio has been generally hovering above 75% since December 2022. The CD ratio saw a downtick of • 35 bps, compared to the previous fortnight and stood at 78.3% in the fortnight (October 6, 2023).

Figure 5: Trend in Credit and Deposit Movement (v-o-v, %)

5	Oct 9, 2020	Oct 8 2021	Oct 7, 2022	Oct 6, 2023
Credit	4.6%	6.5%	17.9%	19.3%
Deposit	10.5%	10.2%	9.6%	13.5%

Source: RBI, CareEdge, compares post-merger figures

Deposits have seen robust performance since post-Covid times, however, in recent times, credit growth has been significantly outperforming deposit growth, this can be mainly attributed to lower base effect in credit.



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66.8	65.6	65.5	66.8	67.4	66.8	66.9	67.7	67.3	67.4	67.3	67.2	67
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27.5	28.0	28.2	26.6	26.8	26.7	26.9	25.9	26.7	26.5	26.5	26.5	26
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Max 21	lun-21	Sen-21	Dec-21	Mar-22	Jul-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	Mar-23	Apr-23	Jun-23	Sep 22.	Oc

Note: The quarter-end data reflect the last fortnight's data of that particular quarter; 2) Total assets = Cash in hand + Assets with the Banking System + Investments + Bank Credit; Source: RBI, CareEdge

Credit to total assets ratio remained flat compared to the previous fortnight and stood at 67.2% in the fortnight (Oct 6, 2023). However, y-o-y growth was approx. 35 bps. Govt. Investments stood at 60.6 lakh crore as on October 6, 2023, reporting a robust growth of 18.7% y-o-y and 1.3% sequentially.



Figure 7: Certificate of Deposit Outstanding			Figure 8: Trend in CD Issuances (Rs'000, Cr.) and Rol
Fortnight ended	Amount Outstanding (Rs'000 cr.)	Y-o-Y growth %	60 CD Issuance — RoI Low (%) 84
Mar 11, 2022	154.4	168.9	
May 20, 2022	193.0	113.7	40 60
July 1, 2022	223.8	222.9	30
Sep 23, 2022	252.2	318.7	4
Dec 30, 2022	294.0	247.1	20
Jan 27, 2023	279.8	180.6	10 29
Feb 10, 2023	269.7	139.6	10
Feb 24, 2023	280.4	120.4	
Mar 24, 2023	304.5	50.4	2021 2021 2022 2022 2022 2023 2023 2023
Apr 07, 2023	301.4	49.6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Jul 28, 2023	307.0	23.3	Aug (Oct (Feb (Apr (Apr (Apr (Aug (Aug (Aug (Oct (
Oct 06 2023	26.8	6.83%	Ă O O E A Ă Ă O O E A Ă Ă O

O/s CDs and O/s CPs Continue to Remain at Elevated Levels

Note: The guarter-end data reflect the last fortnight's data of that particular quarter; Source: RBI

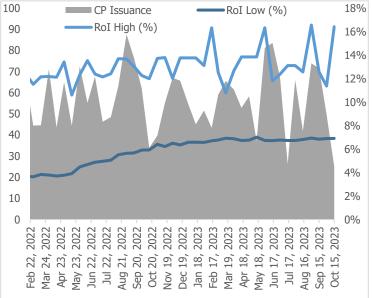
Figure 9: Commercial Paper Outstanding

Fortnight ended	Amount Outstanding (Rs'000 cr.)	Y-o-Y growth %
Mar 31, 2022	352.2	-3.3
May 15, 2022	384.4	-5.0
Jun 30, 2022	372.5	-1.0
Aug 31, 2022	410.0	4.7
Oct 31, 2022	373.3	-1.6
Dec 15, 2022	363.7	-18.6
Jan 31, 2023	363.9	-8.1
Mar 15, 2023	371.3	0.9
Apr 30, 2023	421.7	15.5
May 31, 2023	433.5	12.7
Jun 30, 2023	433.2	16.3
Sep 30, 2023	412.2	2.8%
Oct 15, 2023	418.8	0.7%

Note: The quarter-end data reflect the last fortnight's data of that particular quarter; Source: RBI

60 9% CD Issuance RoI Low (%) 8% 50 7% 40 6% 5% 30 4% 20 3% 2% 10 1% 0 0% 2021 2021 2021 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 Aug 6, 3 Oct 6, 3 Feb 6, 3 é, 6, ó ý 6, ó ó ó ó ó, 6, Dec Aug Oct Feb (lun lun Dec Apr Aug Oct Apr

Figure 10: Trend in CP Issuances (Rs'000, Cr.) and RoI



RBI Announcements

Announcement	Details
RBI issues Master Direction on NBFC Scale Based Regulation	The Reserve Bank of India superseded the Non-Banking Financial Company–Non- Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and Non- Banking Financial Company–Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, with the Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

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