

Arvind Fashions Limited (Revised)

February 20, 2020

Ratings

| Facilities | Amount (Rs. Crore) | Ratings ¹ | Rating Action |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Long Term Bank Facilities | 20.00 | CARE A-; Stable (Single A Minus; Outlook: Stable) | Revised from CARE A; Negative (Single A; Outlook: Negative) |
| Short Term Bank Facilities | 150.00 | CARE A2+ (A Two Plus) | Revised from CARE A1 (A One) |
| Long term/ Short term Bank Facilities | 130.00 | CARE A-; Stable/ CARE A2+ (Single A Minus; Outlook: Stable/ A Two Plus) | Revised from CARE A; Negative/ CARE A1 (Single A; Outlook: Negative/ A One) |
| Total Facilities | 300.00 (Rupees Three Hundred Crore Only) | | |

Details of facilities in Annexure-1
Detailed Rationale & Key Rating Drivers

The revision in the ratings assigned to the bank facilities of Arvind Fashions Limited (AFL) is on account of net loss of Rs.191 crore incurred by the company at a consolidated level during 9MFY20 (UA; FY refers to the period April 01 to March 31) which was higher than previously envisaged leading to weakening of its debt coverage and leverage indicators. As articulated by the company management, the profitability was impacted largely due to continued subdued performance of its value retail format, 'Unlimited' apart from weak performance of its 'Arrow' brand within its 'Power Brand' category. The company witnessed a y-o-y de-growth in its total operating income during 9MFY20 on account of ongoing consumption slowdown due to weak consumer sentiment along with company's decision to curtail its primary sales so as to reduce exposure to its long credit period customers which also led to inventory losses.

CARE, however, takes cognizance of AFL's plans to raise equity share capital by way of rights issue of up to Rs.300 crore in the short-term which shall be mainly utilized towards reduction of its debt. AFL's management has also articulated a range of other initiatives that will improve the profitability and cash flow of the company.

The ratings further derive strength from AFL being part of the Ahmedabad based 'Arvind' group which has a track record of over a decade in the apparel brands and retail business, AFL's strong brand portfolio of various owned and licensed international brands which majorly comprises of brands owned and licensed by its subsidiary i.e. Arvind Lifestyle Brands Limited [ALBL; rated: CARE A-; Stable (CE) and CARE A2+ (CE)], its pan-India retail presence across multiple sales channel and diversified revenue mix; albeit concentrated towards men's wear. The ratings also factor in expected improvement in the cash flow position of AFL post discontinuation of some of the loss incurring growth/emerging brands and steps taken by the management to curtail the hitherto high receivables in its wholesale/online channels; majority of which is already achieved during 9MFY20 according to the company management. The ratings further derive comfort from AFL's strong net worth base arising from equity infusion in the past, although it has moderated to an extent due to net loss incurred during 9MFY20.

The ratings, however, continue to remain constrained on account of the losses in its growth/emerging brands, high reliance on external borrowings and creditors to support its working capital requirement and funding of losses as reflected from the almost full utilization of its working capital limits, AFL's presence in a highly competitive fashion retail industry and susceptibility of its operations to downturn in the economic cycle. Furthermore, weakened profitability and increased debt levels have resulted in moderation in its debt coverage indicators and weak ROCE as compared to many of its established peers. Nevertheless, CARE takes cognizance of its strong apparel brand portfolio and various management initiatives for improving its profitability through steps such as cost management, adding retail space for Sephora at strategic locations while closing down loss making stores and liquidating the aged inventories.

¹Complete definitions of the ratings assigned are available at www.careratings.com and in other CARE publications.

Rating Sensitivities

Positive Factors

- Significant improvement in the operational performance of AFL leading to improved profitability margins along with ROCE of more than 14%-15% on a sustained basis
- Reduction in debt level by more than the envisaged level of Rs.300 crore through the upcoming rights issue, thereby leading to significant improvement in its leverage and debt coverage indicators
- Curtailment of its working capital cycle

Negative Factors

- Continued subdued performance arising from its inability to achieve meaningful improvement in its profitability margins
- Any inordinate delay in the envisaged cash inflow from the rights issue

Detailed description of the key rating drivers

Key Rating Strengths

Part of Ahmedabad based Arvind Group with experienced and qualified management

AFL is a part of the Ahmedabad based Arvind group which was founded by Late Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai in 1931. The group is a diversified conglomerate having presence in textile, apparel retailing, engineering, assembling and installation of water treatment plants and real estate business. Arvind, the flagship company of the group, is one of India's leading vertically integrated textile companies having presence of more than eight decades in the industry. Post its demerger from Arvind Limited (*Arvind; rated CARE AA-; Stable/ CARE A1+*); AFL got separately listed on the stock exchanges on March 08, 2019. The Lalbhai family of Arvind is the largest shareholder in AFL. Multiples Private Equity fund managed by Ms. Renuka Ramnath; ex-MD & CEO of ICICI Ventures Ltd., also holds more than 10% equity stake in the company.

Mr. Sanjay Lalbhai is the Chairman of AFL while his sons, Mr. Punit Lalbhai and Mr. Kulin Lalbhai, are non-Executive Directors on the Board of AFL. Mr. Jayesh Shah (Director and CFO of Arvind) is also a non-Executive Director on the Board of AFL. The management team of AFL includes Mr. Suresh Jayaraman (Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (CEO)) and Mr. Pramod Gupta (Chief Financial Officer). Mr. Pramod Gupta is a seasoned business leader with over 30 years of Finance & Supply Chain experience across diverse industries. Further, the board of AFL comprises of eminent industry experts such as Mr. Nilesh Shah, Mr. Vallabh Bhanshali and Ms. Nithya Easwaran.

Strong brand portfolio of own and licensed international apparel brands

AFL has a strong portfolio of own and licensed international apparel brands. The licenses are long term/perpetual in nature. The brand portfolio of AFL is broadly categorized as below:

| Brand Category | Apparel Brands/Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| Power Brands | Arrow, Flying Machine, Tommy Hilfiger, U.S. Polo |
| Growth/Emerging Brands* | Aeropostale, Calvin Klein, Ed-Hardy, Hanes, The Children's Place (TCP) |
| Specialty Retail | GAP, Sephora, Unlimited (value retail format) |

* Previously it also included apparel brands like Elle, Izod, Gant and Nautica; however, these have been discontinued during FY20

AFL's brand portfolio is positioned across various price points and fashion styles although dominated towards casual wear. It also encompasses various segments like men's wear, women's wear, kids wear, inner wear, footwear, beauty and accessories; albeit it is skewed towards men's wear (~69% of its overall sales in FY19). During Q1FY20, the company decided to discontinue some of its loss incurring growth/emerging brands i.e. Gant, Nautica, Elle and Izod. The process of closure of these brands has been completed in Q3FY20. Going forward, the management of AFL plans to increase its sales in beauty brand, inner wear, footwear and kids wear segment in the medium term so as to improve its demographic presence. This is envisaged to sharpen its brand portfolio with focus on improving profitability.

Wide distribution network with presence across multiple sales channels

AFL has a strong distribution network with 1,309 exclusive brand outlets (EBOs) and 3,805 departmental stores having total retail space of 21.60 lakh square feet (LSF) as on December 31, 2019. Revenue per square feet per day has remained steady during FY17-FY19 in the range of Rs.53-55/ per sq. ft. per day. AFL's brands are sold through multiple sales channels such as its retail store network, through wholesale to Multi Brand Outlets (MBO) and large departmental stores

as well as through online retailers like Flipkart, Myntra, Jabong and Amazon. Sales through online channel registered y-o-y growth of 47% during FY19 thus increasing the reach of the brand portfolio of AFL and increasing its contribution to its total sales. Sales mix through wholesale and retail was relatively evenly distributed during FY19.

Performance of 'power' brands offsets the operating losses of 'growth/emerging brands', 'specialty retail' and 'Unlimited'

Power brands are the mature brands in the portfolio of AFL and continue to be the major revenue driver for the company. Further, higher growth momentum of some of the power brands especially U.S. Polo and Tommy Hilfiger has led to healthy PBILDT margin from these brands thus driving the overall profitability of AFL. However, during FY19, power brands registered marginal y-o-y sales growth of 9% and contributed 60% of TOI. Like-to-like store sales growth of power brand was -2.60% during FY19 on account of low consumption demand and more growth of online channel. The company faced challenges in performance of its 'Arrow' brand which de-grew by almost 30% during 9MFY20 leading to overall de-growth of around 7% in power brand sales over 9MFY19. However, the management has taken steps to revive the sales of 'Arrow' through renewed marketing campaign, change in its offering and redesigning the retail outlets to drive its future growth and profitability. Further, the performance of other power brands like Tommy Hilfiger, Flying Machine and US Polo continue to remain profitable.

Growth brands are the emerging brands in AFL's portfolio with growth rate of 5-10%; albeit incurring losses at PBILDT level. Specialty retail too continued to incur losses; albeit with curtailment of losses at PBILDT level during FY19, on account of growth in sale of 'GAP' and 'Sephora' which was however offset by higher than envisaged losses from 'Unlimited'. These three segments together contributed ~40% of TOI of AFL during FY19 with net sales of Rs.1,847 crore (FY18: Rs.1,646 crore). Going forward, sustained turnaround of Growth brands, Specialty retail and Unlimited within envisaged time frame will be crucial for improving overall profitability of AFL.

Historically strong growth in total operating income; except 9MFY20

TOI of AFL has increased steadily registering healthy CAGR of 22% over the past five years ended FY19 backed by sustained growth momentum in power brands and addition of new brands in growth brand portfolio and specialty retail. During FY19, TOI of AFL grew by 10% to Rs.4,646 crore, largely driven by the increase in sales through online channel of brands like U.S. Polo, Tommy Hilfiger, Gap and Sephora. However, during 9MFY20, the company reported de-growth of 9% to Rs.3,174 crore as against Rs.3,479 crore during 9MFY19 on account of discontinuation of some non-strategic emerging brands, curtailing the sales in the wholesale channel and overall consumption slow-down in the economy.

Healthy net worth base, expected improvement in cash flow post discontinuation of few loss-incurring brands and envisaged proceeds of right issue

Financial flexibility of AFL has improved post listing of its equity shares on March 08, 2019. The tangible net worth base of AFL stood at Rs.1,157 crore as on March 31, 2019 as against Rs.984 crore as on March 31, 2018 backed by accretion of share/security premium followed by issue of additional shares at premium. The overall gearing continued to remain moderate at 0.81 times as on March 31, 2019. Moreover, AFL also has flexibility for fund raising through monetization of its right in own brands/licensed brands in light of strong portfolio of brands.

However, net loss incurred by the company during 9MFY20 and one time impact of adoption of IND-AS 116 for accounting of operating lease has resulted in reduction in its net worth as on December 31, 2019. As per the requirement of IND-AS 116, the company has recognized large size lease repayment obligation to the extent of Rs.1,120 crore along with recognition of corresponding assets of Rs.902 crore with effect from April 1, 2019. The difference between right to use asset and the lease liability of Rs.218 crore is adjusted against the reserves thereby eroding its net worth to that extent. However, despite expectation of weak profitability during FY20, management expects the cash flow from operations to remain healthy due to its plans to reduce its costs and capex, liquidate inventories and realize elongated debtors. The expected positive cash flow from operations is likely to take care of AFL's debt repayment obligations during FY20. Further, the promoters have articulated their strong commitment to support the operations of AFL. Moreover, the company has already planned a rights issue of up to Rs.300 crore which is at an advance stage and the company management expects the same to materialize by March 31, 2020. The company has already received the approval for the rights issue from Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange while the approval from SEBI is awaited. Post the infusion of right issue, the net worth base of the company is expected to strengthen. The management expects the proceeds from the rights issue to be utilized towards the reduction in debt level.

Key Rating Weaknesses***Significant deterioration in profitability during 9MFY20 resulting into higher than envisaged net loss and weakening of debt coverage indicators***

During 9MFY20, on a consolidated basis, AFL incurred a net loss of Rs.191 crore as against net profit of Rs.0.17 crore during 9MFY19. The subdued profitability during 9MFY20 is on account of poor operating performance amidst broader consumption slow-down in the economy. Further, the company is facing challenges in its key brand, Arrow, where there was major de-growth in revenue and in turn impacted profitability of power brands. Moreover, operational loss of Rs.68 crore (provided in Q1FY20) towards inventory write-downs, loss arising from store closure and royalty settlements with principals impacted the overall profitability of AFL during 9MFY20. Furthermore, PBILDT of its hitherto highly profitable 'power' brands also registered significant reduction on account of the management's decision to reduce exposure to long credit period customers in its wholesale channel wherein the company sells through its multi-brand outlets. Also, its 'Unlimited' segment continued to incur higher losses than envisaged impacting the overall profitability of the company. Post net loss of Rs.95 crore incurred by AFL in Q1FY20, the company had envisaged gradual improvement in its performance for the remaining part of FY20. While the losses have been curtailed sequentially in Q2FY20 and Q3FY20, it continues to remain substantial with net loss of Rs.191 crore incurred by the company during 9MFY20 due to continued subdued performance of its value retail format, 'Unlimited' apart from weak performance of its 'Arrow' brand.

Moreover, due to net and cash loss incurred by the company during 9MFY20, the debt coverage indicators and RoCE deteriorated significantly during the same period.

Continuous requirement of cash outlay for expanding its retail presence

Being in the retail business, AFL has to continuously invest in order to revamp its existing stores as well as for opening of new stores. However, management has adopted a cautious approach towards opening/closing of stores which has been reflected from moderate level of capex incurred during past five years. Also, most of the store expansion going forward is planned to be done through franchisee stores, further reducing capex requirements. Going forward, realization of envisaged benefits from completed capex along with lower gestation period of newly opened stores will also be crucial for the overall performance of the company.

Highly competitive branded apparel retail industry which puts pressure on profitability margins, albeit strong brand portfolio of AFL alleviates competition to a certain extent

Apparel retail sector in India is highly competitive with presence of many domestic and international brands as well as foray of large corporates like TATA group, Reliance group and Aditya Birla group into apparel retail segment. AFL faces tough competition from the established and seasoned retail players like Shoppers Stop Limited, Lifestyle International Private Limited, Aditya Birla Fashion and Retail Limited, Future Lifestyle Fashions Limited, etc. However, large expansion by retailers lead to pressure on their PBILDT margin as earnings from existing stores do not adequately offset gestation losses from high proportion of new stores added. A strong brand portfolio, coupled with growing online sales could help AFL in dealing with the increasing competition.

Medium-term consumption slow-down in the economy being partly offset by good long-term growth prospects of branded apparel business

Increasing urbanization and disposable income augur well for the branded apparel segment's long-term growth prospects in India. In any market globally, there co-exist top three fast fashion brands. The rationale of customers choosing these brands includes: Uniqlo for better quality, Zara for better designs and H&M for better prices. This is expected to benefit players like AFL which has license of more than 15 global brands particularly Gap, US Polo, Tommy Hilfiger, etc. However, according to the data released by Central Statistical Organization (CSO), growth rate in Q2FY20 dropped to a six-year low of 4.5% and private consumption expenditure decelerated to a 19-quarter low in the September quarter. These are likely to result in medium-term headwinds for retailers. Furthermore, business remains vulnerable to fashion trends, consumer spending habits, and economic slowdown owing to discretionary nature of demand.

Liquidity: Adequate

Operations of AFL are highly working capital intensive due to requirement of large inventory holding in its retail business and significant build-up of receivables in its wholesale/online channels. The working capital borrowing of AFL increased during FY19 mainly on account of increase in its receivables from Rs.785 crore as on March 31, 2018 to Rs.879 crore as on

March 31, 2019 and Rs.967 crore as on December 31, 2019. Credit cycle increased due to increase in online sales and increased receivables from the wholesale players on account of lower off-take from the retail market as a result of consumption slow-down and liquidity crunch in the wholesale channel due to GST and demonetization thereby further increasing the working capital intensity of AFL during 9MFY20. The liquidity of the company is characterized by low cash accruals and high average utilization of fund based working capital limits around 90-95% for the past 12 months ended January 2020. Moreover, AFL had unencumbered cash and bank balance of Rs.10.41 crore as on December 31, 2019 which provides some cushion to its liquidity which is expected to derive further support from promoters' strong commitment to support AFL's operations. Moreover, the proceeds of envisaged rights issue in the near term is also likely to augment its liquidity cushion.

Analytical Approach: Consolidated. CARE has considered the consolidated financials of AFL for its analytical purpose, which includes the financials of its subsidiaries/JVs.

The list of subsidiaries/JVs consolidated in AFL is placed in **Annexure 3**.

Applicable Criteria:

[Criteria on assigning outlook and credit watch to Credit Ratings](#)

[CARE's Policy on Default Recognition](#)

[Criteria for Short Term Instruments](#)

[Financial ratios – Non-Financial Sector](#)

[CARE's Methodology for Organized Retail Companies](#)

[CARE's Methodology for Consolidation and Factoring Linkages in Ratings](#)

About the company

AFL was incorporated in January 2016, as Arvind J&M Limited and its name was changed to AFL in October 2016. It is a part of Ahmedabad based Lalbhai group and earlier used to be a 90% subsidiary of Arvind with the balance stake being held by Multiples Private Equity Fund. Post business restructuring undertaken within Arvind group, AFL got demerged and was separately listed company on the stock exchange on March 08, 2019. Shareholders of Arvind became shareholders of AFL post demerger.

AFL, through its two wholly owned subsidiaries and two joint ventures (JV), is engaged in the wholesaling and retailing of several owned and licensed branded apparels in India. However, its wholly-owned subsidiary, ALBL, has major contribution to AFL's consolidated revenue, profitability and debt profile.

Brief details of business conducted by AFL and its subsidiaries/JVs:

| Company Name | Business activities |
|---|--|
| AFL | Wholesale of licensed brands - (i.e. Arrow), and own brand (i.e. Flying Machine) |
| Arvind Lifestyle Brands Limited - 100% subsidiary of AFL | Wholesale and retailing of various international licensed brands. Retailing of Arrow and Flying Machine and Value retail format stores - 'Unlimited' |
| Arvind Beauty Brands Retail Private Limited (ABBRPL) - 100% subsidiary of AFL | Retailing of beauty products under 'Sephora' |
| Tommy Hilfiger Arvind Fashion Private Limited (THAFPL; rated CARE A+; Stable)* - 50% JV between AFL and PVH Corp, USA | Wholesale and retailing of 'Tommy Hilfiger' branded apparels, accessories |
| Calvin Klein Arvind Fashion Private Limited (CKAFPL)* - 50% JV between AFL & PVH Corp, USA | Wholesale and retailing of 'Calvin Klein' branded apparels, accessories |

*With amendment in terms of the JV agreement, both these companies are now consolidated under AFL starting FY18.

(Rs. Crore)

| Brief Financials of AFL (Consolidated) | FY18 (A) @ | FY19 (A) |
|--|------------|----------|
| Total Operating Income | 4,229 | 4,646 |
| PBILDT | 252 | 296 |
| PAT | 13 | 21 |
| Overall Gearing (times) | 0.78 | 0.81 |
| TOL/TNW (times) | 2.04 | 2.17 |
| Interest Coverage (times) | 2.62 | 2.25 |

A: Audited; @ Restated wherever necessary

Latest Published Results (AFL):

(Rs. Crore)

| Particulars | | 9MFY19 (UA) | 9MFY20 (UA) |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | | Excluding IND AS 116 impact | |
| Continuing Brands | Revenue | 3,324 | 3,150 |
| | PBILDT | 216 | 43 |
| Brands to be discontinued @ | Revenue | 152 | 7 |
| | PBILDT | -13 | -68 |
| Total | Revenue | 3,476 | 3,157 |
| | PBILDT | 203 | -25 |

@ Discontinued brands include Elle, Izod, Gant and Nautica

Including impact of IND-AS 116, as per the published results for 9MFY20, AFL incurred a net loss of Rs.191 crore and loss at PBT level of Rs.292 crore on a TOI of Rs.3,174 crore.

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not Applicable

Any other information: Not Applicable

Rating History (Last three years): Please refer Annexure-2

Annexure-1: Details of Instruments/Facilities

| Name of the Instrument | Date of Issuance | Coupon Rate | Maturity Date | Size of the Issue (Rs. crore) | Rating assigned along with Rating Outlook |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Fund-based - LT-Term Loan | - | - | March 2025 | 20.00 | CARE A-; Stable |
| Fund-based-LT/ST | - | - | - | 130.00 | CARE A-; Stable / CARE A2+ |
| Non-fund-based - ST-Letter of credit | - | - | - | 150.00 | CARE A2+ |

Annexure-2: Rating History of last three years

| Sr. No. | Name of the Instrument/ Bank Facilities | Current Ratings | | Rating history | | | | |
|---------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Type | Amount Outstanding (Rs. crore) | Rating | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2019-2020 | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2018-2019 | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2017-2018 | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2016-2017 |
| 1. | Fund-based-LT/ST | LT/ST | 130.00 | CARE A-; Stable / CARE A2+ | 1)CARE A; Negative / CARE A1 (15-Oct-19) 2)CARE A; Negative / CARE A1 (20-Sep-19) | 1)CARE A+; Stable / CARE A1+ (02-Aug-18) | - | - |
| 2. | Fund-based - LT-Term Loan | LT | 20.00 | CARE A-; Stable | 1)CARE A; Negative (15-Oct-19) | - | - | - |
| 3. | Non-fund-based - ST-Letter of credit | ST | 150.00 | CARE A2+ | 1)CARE A1 (15-Oct-19) | - | - | - |
| 4. | LT/ST Fund-based/Non-fund-based-EPC / PCFC / FBP / FBD / WCDL / OD / BG / SBLC | LT/ST | - | - | 1)CARE AA-(CE); Stable / CARE A1+(CE) (20-Sep-19) 2)Withdrawn (20-Sep-19) | 1)CARE AA (SO); Stable / CARE A1+ (SO) (03-Dec-18) | 1)CARE AA (SO); Stable / CARE A1+ (SO) (16-Nov-17) 2)CARE AA (SO); Stable / CARE A1+ (SO) (04-Oct-17) | 1)CARE AA (SO); Stable / CARE A1+ (SO) (20-Mar-17) |
| 5. | Fund-based - LT-Working Capital Limits | LT | - | - | 1)Withdrawn (20-Sep-19) | 1)Provisional CARE AA (SO); Stable | 1)Provisional CARE AA (SO); Stable | 1)Provisional CARE AA (SO); Stable |

| Sr. No. | Name of the Instrument/ Bank Facilities | Current Ratings | | | Rating history | | | |
|---------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------|---|---|---|---|
| | | Type | Amount Outstanding (Rs. crore) | Rating | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2019-2020 | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2018-2019 | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2017-2018 | Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2016-2017 |
| | | | | | | (03-Dec-18) | (16-Nov-17) 2)Provisional CARE AA (SO); Stable (04-Oct-17) | (20-Mar-17) |
| 6. | Non-fund-based - ST-Letter of credit | ST | - | - | 1)Withdrawn (20-Sep-19) | 1)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (03-Dec-18) | 1)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (16-Nov-17) 2)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (04-Oct-17) | 1)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (20-Mar-17) |
| 7. | Commercial Paper | ST | - | - | 1)Withdrawn (21-Aug-19) | 1)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (03-Dec-18) | 1)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (16-Nov-17) 2)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (04-Oct-17) 3)Provisional CARE A1+ (SO) (01-Aug-17) | - |

Annexure-3: List of Subsidiaries/JVs of AFL

| Name of the Company | % holding of AFL as on March 31, 2019 | Consolidation |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Arvind Lifestyle Brands Limited | 100% | Fully Consolidated |
| Arvind Beauty Brands Retail Private Limited | 100% | Fully Consolidated |
| Tommy Hilfiger Arvind Fashion Private Limited | 50% | Fully Consolidated |
| Calvin Klein Arvind Fashion Private Limited | 50% | Fully Consolidated |

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument: CARE has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. This classification is available at www.careratings.com. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careratings.com for any clarifications.

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Our ratings do not factor in any rating related trigger clauses as per the terms of the facility/instrument, which may involve acceleration of payments in case of rating downgrades. However, if any such clauses are introduced and if triggered, the ratings may see volatility and sharp downgrades.

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