

Union Bank of India

March 13, 2026

Facilities/Instruments	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
Infrastructure bonds	10,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Assigned
Perpetual bonds [#]	1,000.00	CARE AA+; Stable	Reaffirmed
Tier-II bonds ^{&}	2,200.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1.

[&]Tier-II bonds under Basel-III are characterised by a 'point of non-viability' (PONV) trigger, due to which, the investor may suffer a loss of principal. PONV will be determined by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and is a point at which, the bank may no longer remain a going concern on its own unless appropriate measures are taken to revive its operations, and thus, enable it to continue as a going concern. Difficulties faced by a bank should be such that these are likely to result in financial losses and raising the Common Equity Tier-I (CET I) capital of the bank should be considered the most appropriate way to prevent the bank from turning non-viable.

[#]CARE Ratings Limited (CareEdge Ratings) has rated the mentioned Basel-III compliant additional Tier-I bonds after considering following key features:

- The bank has full discretion, at all times, to cancel coupon payments. The coupon is to be paid from the current year's profits. However, if the current year's profits are not sufficient, the payment of such coupon is likely to result in losses in the current year, balance coupon payment may be made from revenue reserves, including statutory reserves and/or credit balance in profit and loss account and excluding share premium, revaluation reserve, foreign currency translation reserve, investment reserve, and reserves created on amalgamation, provided the bank meets the minimum regulatory requirements for CET I, Tier-I and total capital ratios, and capital buffer frameworks as prescribed by the RBI.
- The instrument may be written down on CET I breaching pre-specified trigger of 6.125% on and after October 01, 2021, or written-off/converted into common equity shares on the occurrence of the trigger event called PONV. PONV trigger will be determined by the RBI. Delays in payment of interest or principal (as the case may be) due to invocation of features mentioned will constitute an event of default per CareEdge Ratings' definition of default, and as such these instruments may exhibit somewhat sharper migration of the rating compared to other subordinated debt instruments.

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Rationale and key rating drivers

Ratings assigned to the infrastructure bonds and reaffirmation of ratings to the long-term debt instruments of Union Bank of India (UBI) factor in the bank's comfortable capitalisation levels supported by internal accruals and equity capital raise in FY24. Ratings also favourably factor in improvement in asset quality and earnings profile over the years. Ratings continue to factor in the majority ownership and continued and expected support from the Government of India (GOI) and the bank's market position in the Indian banking sector as the fifth-largest public sector bank (PSB) in total business (advances and deposits). Ratings also consider UBI's strong and established franchise through its PAN-India branch network and diversified advances profile.

However, the bank's resource profile remains moderate compared to peers with proportion of current account savings account (CASA) deposits remaining lower than larger PSBs. Also, while asset quality parameters have seen improvement in the last three years, they continue to remain moderate compared to peer PSBs.

CARE Ratings Limited (CareEdge Ratings) expects the bank's asset quality parameters to remain stable in the near term but its net interest margin (NIM) is expected to witness some pressure in the near term, considering faster repricing of advances than deposits, which may result in a moderation in the bank's profitability.

¹Complete definition of ratings assigned are available at www.careratings.com and other CARE Ratings Limited's publications.

Rating sensitivities: Factors likely to lead to rating actions**Positive factors - Factors that could individually or collectively lead to positive rating action/upgrade:**

- Not applicable

Negative factors - Factors that could individually or collectively lead to negative rating action/downgrade:

- Dilution in GOI support and ownership below 51%.
- Deterioration in asset quality parameters with net non-performing assets (NNPA) ratio remaining above 3% on a sustained basis.
- Decline in profitability on a sustained basis leading to a weakening in capitalisation levels.

Analytical approach: Standalone

Ratings are based on the standalone profile of the bank and factor in the strong and continued support from the GOI, which holds the majority shareholding in the bank.

Outlook: Stable

The 'stable' outlook reflects CareEdge Ratings' expectation that UBI will register a steady growth in advances and deposits while maintaining healthy profitability and stable asset quality.

Detailed description of key rating drivers:**Key strengths****Majority ownership of and continued support from GOI**

GOI continues to be the majority shareholder holding 74.76% in UBI as on December 31, 2025. GOI has been supporting PSBs with regular capital infusions and steps to improve capitalisation, operational efficiency, and asset quality. Given GOI's majority ownership and its systemic importance being one of the largest PSBs in the domestic banking system, CareEdge Ratings expects the bank to receive timely and need-based capital and operational support from GOI and the same remains a key rating sensitivity.

The bank raised equity capital of ~₹8,000 crore in FY24 through two rounds of qualified institutional placement (QIP), which resulted in GOI's shareholding reducing below 75% aligned with the regulatory requirement of having public shareholding of over 25%.

Long track record of operations with an established franchise and balanced advances growth

UBI has a long and established operational track record of over a century and is the fifth-largest nationalised bank in terms of total assets and business (advances + deposits). With effect from April 01, 2020, erstwhile Corporation Bank and Andhra Bank were amalgamated with UBI which increased the bank's geographical presence. The bank's franchise includes 8,671 branches including two overseas branches (Dubai and Sydney) and 8,300 ATMs in India, and a banking subsidiary in London (United Kingdom) as on December 31, 2025. The bank had advances (gross) of ₹1,016,884 crore as on December 31, 2025. The bank has been focusing on retail, agriculture, and micro, small and medium enterprises (MSME) that is RAM segment which together constituted 56.75% of total advances and the overseas advances constituted ~4% as on December 31, 2025.

The bank would continue to focus on RAM segment and its proportion in the loan book is unlikely to change materially from current levels in the medium term.

Comfortable capitalisation levels with adequate cushion over the regulatory requirement

The bank has seen steady improvement in its capitalisation levels and reported capital adequacy ratio (CAR) of 16.49% with Tier-I CAR of 15.06% and common equity tier I (CET-I) ratio of 13.94% as on December 31, 2025. The bank raised equity capital through the QIP (non-government) route of ₹1,447 crore in May 2021 and ₹8,000 crore in FY24, which along with internal accruals has helped the bank to improve its capitalisation levels. In addition, the bank has been raising additional Tier-I (AT-I) capital and Tier-II capital through bonds issuances. CareEdge Ratings expects UBI to maintain comfortable capitalisation with sufficient cushion over the minimum regulatory requirement to support its advances growth and the bank has a board approved plan of raising capital of ₹6,000 crore through equity, AT-I and tier-II bonds in FY26.

Healthy, albeit moderating, profitability

In FY25, the bank reported moderate growth in advances at ~9.5%, which was lower than the industry growth of ~11% and deposits growth also remained lower at ~7.2% against industry growth of ~10.7% resulting in net interest income (NII) growth of 1.76%. The growth in advances remained moderated as the bank witnessed pressure on yield on advances and was selective in credit growth to maintain margins. The bank's NIM for FY25 stood at 2.59% against 2.76% in FY24. The cost of deposits increased due to relatively lower proportion of CASA deposits and higher growth in term deposits compared to CASA deposits resulting in cost of deposits increasing from 5.00% to 5.23%. The non-interest income increased by ~23.2% in FY25 majorly due to increase in fee-based income and treasury income. The bank managed to maintain its cost to income ratio at 45.48% in FY25 with marginal decline from 46.42% in FY24, which helped the bank's pre provision operating profit (PPOP) to increase from ₹28,211 crore in FY24 to ₹31,090 crore in FY25. The credit cost (percentage of average total assets) increased marginally from 0.51% in FY24 to 0.53% in FY25. The bank reported increase in profit after tax (PAT) from ₹13,648 crore in FY24 to ₹17,987 crore in FY25 and thus return on total assets (ROTA) increased from 1.03% in FY24 to 1.25% in FY25.

The bank reported a net profit of ₹13,381 crore for 9MFY26 on total income of ₹93,576 crore against a net profit of ₹13,002 crore on a total income of ₹92,969 crore for 9MFY25. Interest expense of the bank increased from ₹51,016 crore in 9MFY25 to ₹52,300 crore in 9MFY26 and interest income increased from ₹78,715 crore in 9MFY25 to ₹79,553 crore in 9MFY26. In line with broader banking trends, interest income grew at a slower pace due to quicker repricing of advances at lower yields. In contrast, deposit costs remained elevated as they reprice with a lag. This mismatch led to a decline in NII. As a result, NIM for 9MFY26 stood 2.44% against 2.64% in 9MFY25 on an annualised basis. Operating expenses as a percentage of average total assets increased from 1.77% in 9MFY25 to 1.84% in 9MFY26 and credit cost as a percentage of average total assets decreased from 0.58% in 9MFY25 to 0.30% in 9MFY26. Thus, ROTA decreased from 1.24% for 9MFY25 to 1.20% for 9MFY26.

CareEdge Ratings expects the bank's NIM to witness some pressure in the near term, considering faster repricing of advances than deposits, which would result in a moderation in profitability for the bank.

Key weaknesses**Moderate but improving asset quality**

While the bank has seen improvement in its asset quality parameters with reduction in gross non-performing assets (GNPA) over the last three years with lower incremental slippages, write-offs, and recoveries, asset quality metrics remain moderate compared to other peer PSBs. The bank has been focusing on recoveries from NPA and has taken measures to improve its underwriting processes and standards, which have helped the bank to reduce incremental slippages. In FY25, the bank's slippage ratio declined to 1.40% and further to 0.89% (annualised) for 9MFY26 compared to 1.59% for FY24. The bank's GNPA ratio stood at 3.60% and NNPA ratio stood at 0.63% as on March 31, 2025, against GNPA of 4.76% and NNPA of 1.03% as on March 31, 2024. The bank's GNPA and NNPA ratios improved to 3.06% and 0.51%, respectively, as on December 31, 2025. The bank's NNPA to net worth ratio stood at 5.72% as on March 31, 2025, against 10.29% as on March 31, 2024. The bank has been making higher provisions resulting in reduction in NNPAs, which is also visible from its sufficient provision coverage ratio (PCR) excluding technically written-off (TWO) accounts of 83.61% (PCR including TWO at 95.13%) as on December 31, 2025. The bank's net stressed assets (NNPA + Net Standard Restructured Advances + Net Security Receipts) stood at 14.83% of net worth as on March 31, 2025 (PY: 25.05%). CareEdge Ratings notes that the bank has been able to improve its asset quality parameters and keeping them aligned with peer banks remains a key rating monitorable.

Moderate resource profile compared to peer banks, with lower CASA proportion

Although the bank has an established franchise, its proportion of CASA deposits to total deposits is lower compared to peer public sector banks. In FY25, UBI's total deposit grew at ~7.3%, whereas its CASA deposits grew at ~4% due to shift of depositors to term deposits and other investment avenues in a rising interest rate scenario. The bank's CASA deposit constituted 32.55% as on March 31, 2025, compared to 33.58% as on March 31, 2024. The proportion of bulk deposits increased from 58.16% in FY24 to 58.93% in FY25 leading to increase in the cost of deposits. The cost of deposits is expected to reduce in FY26 as the effect of rate cuts will be visible in the later part of the year.

As on December 31, 2025, the bank's CASA deposit proportion stood at 33.94%. While garnering low-cost deposits remains a challenge for banks in general, improvement in the deposit profile with growth in the CASA ratio would help UBI reduce its cost of deposits and improve profitability.

Liquidity: Strong

According to the structural liquidity statement as on December 31, 2025, there were no negative cumulative mismatches in the time buckets up to five years. The liquidity coverage ratio (average) and net stable funding ratio (NSFR) as on December 31, 2025, stood at 123.64% and 113.44%, against the minimum regulatory requirement of 100%.

The bank also had an excess statutory liquidity ratio (SLR) of ~₹27,094 crore (2.17% of net demand and time liabilities [NDTL]) as on December 31, 2025, which provides a liquidity buffer, and the bank can borrow against it in case of liquidity requirements.

The bank also manages its deposit maturities in a particular time bucket by appropriately modifying deposit rates. The bank has access to systemic liquidity such as RBI's liquidity adjustment facility (LAF) and marginal standing facility (MSF) and access to refinancing from Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI), National Housing Bank (NHB), and National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), among others, and access to call money markets.

Assumptions/Covenants: Not applicable

Environment, social, and governance (ESG) risks

While UBI's business model limits its direct exposure to environmental risks, credit risk may arise if operations of asset class of the portfolio are adversely impacted by environmental factors.

Social risks in the form of cybersecurity threat or customer data breach or mis-selling practices can affect the bank's regulatory compliance and reputation and hence remains a key monitorable.

UBI board comprises 10 Directors, with three Independent Directors and also includes one female Director.

Applicable criteria

[Definition of Default](#)

[Factoring Linkages Government Support](#)

[Rating Outlook and Rating Watch](#)

[Banks](#)

[Financial Ratios - Financial Sector](#)

[Rating Basel III - Hybrid Capital Instruments issued by Banks](#)

About the company and industry

Industry classification

Macroeconomic indicator	Sector	Industry	Basic industry
Financial services	Financial services	Banks	Public sector bank

Established in 1919, UBI is the fifth-largest PSB in India in total business and total assets after amalgamation of Andhra Bank and Corporation Bank effective from April 01, 2020. UBI has PAN-India network of 8,669 branches, two overseas branches, and 8,300 ATMs as on December 31, 2025.

Brief Financials (₹ crore)	March 31, 2024 (A)	March 31, 2025 (A)	9MFY26 (UA)
Total income	115,858	127,539	93,576
Profit after tax (PAT)	13,648	17,987	13,381
Total assets	1,382,378	1,491,186	1,482,502*
Net interest margin (NIM) (%)	2.76	2.59	2.44^
Gross non-performing assets (NPA) (%)	4.76	3.60	3.06
Net NPA (%)	1.03	0.63	0.51
Capital adequacy ratio (CAR) (%)	16.97	18.02	16.49

A: Audited UA: Unaudited; Note: these are latest available financial results; *reported and ^annualised Calculations per CareEdge Ratings.

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not applicable

Any other information: Not applicable

Rating history for last three years: Annexure-2

Detailed explanation of covenants of rated instrument / facility: Annexure-3

Complexity level of instruments rated: Annexure-4

Lender details: Annexure-5

Annexure-1: Details of instruments/facilities

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance (DD-MM-YYYY)	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date (DD-MM-YYYY)	Size of the Issue (₹ crore)	Rating Assigned and Rating Outlook
Bonds-Infrastructure Bonds (proposed)	-	-	-	-	10000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Bonds-Perpetual Bonds	INE692A08029	15-Sep-2016	9.50	Perpetual (call option after 10 years)	1000.00	CARE AA+; Stable
Bonds-Tier-II Bonds	INE692A08219	29-Nov-2022	7.85	29-Nov-2037	1500.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Bonds-Tier-II Bonds	INE692A08201	29-Nov-2022	7.80	29-Nov-2032	700.00	CARE AAA; Stable

Annexure-2: Rating history for last three years

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2025-2026	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023
1	Bonds-Lower Tier-II	LT	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (17-Apr-23)	1)CARE AA+; Positive (22-Sep-22)
2	Bonds-Perpetual Bonds	LT	1000.00	CARE AA+; Stable	1)CARE AA+; Stable (16-Sep-25)	1)CARE AA+; Stable (19-Sep-24)	1)CARE AA+; Stable (20-Sep-23)	1)CARE AA; Positive (22-Sep-22)
3	Bonds-Tier-I Bonds	LT	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (17-Apr-23)	1)CARE AA; Positive (22-Sep-22)
4	Bonds-Tier-II Bonds	LT	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (17-Apr-23)	1)CARE AA+; Positive (22-Sep-22)
5	Bonds-Tier-II Bonds	LT	2200.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (16-Sep-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (19-Sep-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (20-Sep-23)	1)CARE AA+; Positive (22-Sep-22)
6	Bonds-Infrastructure Bonds	LT	10000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	-	-	-	-

LT: Long term; ST: Short term; LT/ST: Long term/Short term

Annexure-3: Detailed explanation of covenants of rated instruments/facilities: Not applicable

Annexure-4: Complexity level of instruments rated

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Complexity Level
1	Bonds-Infrastructure Bonds	Simple
2	Bonds-Perpetual Bonds	Highly Complex
3	Bonds-Tier-II Bonds	Complex

Annexure-5: Lender details

To view lender-wise details of bank facilities please [click here](#)

Note on complexity levels of rated instruments: CareEdge Ratings has classified instruments rated by it based on complexity. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careedge.in for clarifications.

Contact us

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