

National Housing Bank (Revised)

September 13, 2024

Facilities/Instruments	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
Short Term Bank Facilities	15,000.00	CARE A1+	Reaffirmed
Bonds	3,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Bonds	3,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Bonds	4,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Bonds	4,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Bonds	4,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Bonds	4,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Long-term instruments- National Housing Bank Deposits	10,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Assigned
Long-term instruments- Market borrowing programme	4,236.43	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Long-term instruments- National Housing Bank Deposits	4,944.85	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Long-term instruments- National Housing Bank Deposits	10,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Long-term instruments- National Housing Bank Deposits	5,055.64	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1.

Rationale and key rating drivers

Ratings for the market borrowing programme (MBP) and other instruments of National Housing Bank (NHB) continue to factor in its status as the apex financial institution for the housing sector, wholly owned by the Government of India (GoI). NHB continues to have access to the low-cost sources of funds, i.e., deposit funds generated from priority sector lending shortfall of banks. Ratings continue to draw comfort from consistent growth in loan book with good asset quality and strong liquidity position.

However, the strengths of ratings partially offset by NHB's modest profitability, given its policy objective and high entity-wise concentration of loans.

Rating sensitivities: Factors likely to lead to rating actions

Positive factors – Factors that could individually or collectively lead to positive rating action/upgrade:

Not applicable

Negative factors – Factors that could individually or collectively lead to negative rating action/downgrade:

- Material changes in strategic role played by NHB in supporting the housing sector.
- GoI's shareholding reducing below 51%.

Analytical approach:

Standalone; factoring in linkages with the GoI in terms of 100% ownership by it and support in terms of representation on the board from various ministries, access to low-cost funding by way of deposits, and being instrumental in major government schemes.

Outlook: Stable

CARE Ratings Limited (CARE Ratings) expects that NHB will continue to be strategically important to the government and will continue to play an important role in the development of the housing sector.

¹Complete definition of the ratings assigned are available at www.careedge.in and other CARE Ratings Ltd.'s publications

Detailed description of the key rating drivers:

Key strengths

Apex financial institution for the housing finance sector in India

NHB is a developmental financial institution (DFI), established in 1988, under an Act of Parliament i.e. NHB Act, 1987. The bank operates as a principal agency to promote housing finance companies (HFCs) and to provide them financial and other support. NHB was established to perform three broad functions, namely, regulation and supervision of HFCs, providing them financial assistance, and their promotion and development.

With the amendments made to the NHB Act, 1987, pursuant to the Union Budget announcements for 2019-20, the ownership of NHB was completely transferred to GoI from the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Following the change in ownership, the regulatory powers of NHB, including registration of HFCs, was transferred to RBI from August 09, 2019, while NHB continues to carry out the role of supervision of HFCs.

Given the strategic importance of NHB for the GoI, the former has been instrumental in providing liquidity support to the HFCs, through RBI, during COVID-19 through special liquidity facility (SLF) of ₹10,000 crore and an additional liquidity facility of ₹5,000 crore to the NHB in FY20 (FY refers to the period from July 01 to June 30) and ₹10,000 crore under SLF-II in FY21 to infuse liquidity in the housing industry, all of which have reached its maturity as these were for one year.

In the Union Budget 2023-24, it was announced that a fund is to be set up under the name of Urban Infrastructure Development Fund (UIDF) with a total corpus of ₹10,000 crore through the use of priority sector lending shortfall. The fund will be exclusively managed by NHB and will be used by state governments to create urban infrastructure in Tier-II and Tier-III cities.

Wholly owned by the GoI with demonstrated government support

The credit profile of NHB derives strength from the 100% sovereign ownership and expectation of continued strong support from the GoI, given NHB's status as an apex institution for housing. Along with regular low-cost affordable housing fund deposits, the bank was sanctioned additional funds under various schemes amid the COVID-19 pandemic to infuse liquidity in the housing finance industry. Owing to its quasi-sovereign status, NHB can mobilise funds at cost-effective rates from various sources. NHB will be exclusively managing UIDF which will be utilised for urban infrastructure Tier-II and Tier-III cities.

Given its crucial role, the board of NHB is represented by various ministries of GoI, namely, Ministry of Rural Development, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Ministry of Finance, RBI, and state governments.

Apex DFI for the HFCs with sizeable market presence with the majority lending towards HFCs

NHB being the apex DFI for the HFCs, it has a strong and sizeable market presence in the housing finance sector in India. The loan book of the NHB stood sizeable at ₹ 1,02,248 crore as on June 30, 2024, from ₹91,373 crore as on June 30, 2023 (+12% y-o-y), of which majority is towards refinance segment (99.96%) and balance towards direct finance as on June 30, 2024.

Along with being the apex supervisory DFI for the HFCs, NHB lends to scheduled commercial banks (SCBs), small finance banks (SFBs), regional rural banks (RRBs) and others. Of the refinance segment, the proportion of loans towards HFCs continued to dominate the portfolio mix with 76%, followed by loans towards SCBs with 21%, loans towards SFBs, and RRBs comprised the balance of the refinance portfolio, as on June 30, 2024. Previously, as on June 30, 2023, the share of loan towards SCBs was 12%, which rose to 21% as on June 30, 2024, owing to the merger of a large-sized HFC with a SCB, consequently, the share of loans towards HFCs reduced from 85% as on June 30, 2023, to 76% as on June 30, 2024.

Good asset quality

As per the NHB Act, the NHB has the first lien against all the proceeds received against financed receivables. It also has mandates from SCBs, RRBs, and urban cooperative banks for direct debit of their current accounts with the RBI, sponsor banks, etc., respectively if there is a delay or default in payment of the refinance installments. Moreover, being a supervisor of HFCs, it is expected to get priority over other lenders for debt payments by HFCs. Due to this, the NHB has traditionally enjoyed comfortable asset quality metrics.

Up to FY19, NHB had a negligible gross non-performing assets (GNPA) ratio, but with Dewan Housing Finance Corporation Limited (DHFL) and Punjab and Maharashtra Cooperative (PMC) Bank slipping to non-performing assets (NPAs), the GNPA ratio increased to 2.99% as on June 30, 2020. With no new slippages in further years and NHB recovering part dues from DHFL account amounting to ₹676.04 crore and reversal of NPA against PMC Bank amounting to ₹149 crore in FY23, the GNPA ratio reduced to 0.69% as on June 30, 2024, from 0.77% as on June 30, 2023. The NPA against PMC Bank was reversed by NHB owing to Scheme of Amalgamation (SoA) amongst PMC Bank and Unity SFB Limited.

Given the provision in the NHB Act, CARE Ratings expects the asset quality to remain good going forward.

Comfortable capital position

The capital position of NHB is supported by steady accruals and exemption to pay dividends. Additionally, the bank's capital position has been supported by refinance lending to SCBs that attract relatively lower risk weights. However, in the last few years,

the share of refinance to SCBs has been coming down (26% of loan as on June 30, 2019, reduced to 12% of loan as on June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023) resulting in higher pace of growth in risk weighted assets, although, as on June 30, 2024, the share increased to 21% owing to the merger.

The capital adequacy ratio (CAR) increased to 16.38% as on June 30, 2024, from 15.17% as on June 30, 2023, well above the minimum regulatory benchmark of 9%. With the borrowings (including deposits) declining, the gearing level reduced to 7.05x as on June 30, 2024, from 7.09x as on June 30, 2023.

Diversified resource profile

NHB has a well-diversified resource profile. It gets funds at concessional rates from the allocation of the Affordable Housing Fund (AHF). The funds for AHF are financed from priority sector lending shortfalls of SCBs. Also, owing to its quasi-sovereign status, it can mobilise funds at cost-effective rates from various sources such as bonds, commercial paper (CP), international agencies, among others.

As on June 30, 2024, the borrowings stood at ₹94,403 crore through deposits (aggregate of AHF, Rural Housing Fund, Urban Housing Fund, UIDF) forming 53% (down from 61% previous year), bonds forming 36% (up from 29% previous year), followed by borrowings through CP with 6% (up from 3% previous year), term loan and Treasury bills Repurchase (2% each) and foreign currency borrowings of 1%.

Moderate profitability

With the rise in yields due to rise in interest rate in the regular refinance loans the CARE calculated net interest margin (NIM), increased to 2.37% in FY24 from 1.99% in FY23.

NHB's operating expenses (opex) to average asset ratio remains low, due to its wholesale lending model, and remained same in FY24 and FY23 with 0.26%.

Driven by reversal of provisions against the part recovery received towards DHFL account, credit cost was negative 1% in FY22, which boosted NHB's profitability profile in FY22. In FY23 as well, NHB received partial recovery against the DHFL account, however, the bank did not reverse the provisions as the account is still under litigation. With no new slippages and provisioning made in line with incremental disbursements, the credit cost ratio normalized to 0.17%.

With the rise in NIM and similar opex ratio, the return on total assets (RoTA) increased to 1.59% in FY24 from 1.45% in FY23. The profit after tax (PAT) increased to ₹ 1,664 crore in FY24 from ₹1,262 crore in FY23.

Going forward, CARE Ratings expects NHB to continue to report moderate profitability.

Key weaknesses

Credit concentration

The credit concentration risk for the NHB remains high, with the top 25 exposures accounting for 91% of the loan book as on June 30, 2023. The high borrower concentration can be attributed to the fact that the top customers of NHB make majority market share of housing finance industry. Given the nature of its operations with a focus on the housing sector, the NHB is exempted from the RBI's credit concentration norms. The credit risk is partially mitigated, considering the robust asset-protection mechanism provided in the NHB Act.

Liquidity: Strong

As on September 30, 2023, there is no negative cumulative mismatches in the structural liquidity statement. To support the liquidity, NHB has bank balances of ₹200 crore, unutilised bank lines of ₹8,400 crore and liquid investments of ₹8,596 crore as on March 31, 2024. Additionally, the liquidity profile of NHB is supported by access to low cost deposit funds created through the shortfall of priority sector lending by the SCBs.

Applicable criteria

[Definition of Default](#)

[Factoring Linkages Government Support](#)

[Rating Outlook and Rating Watch](#)

[Financial Ratios - Financial Sector](#)

[Housing Finance Companies](#)

[Short Term Instruments](#)

About the company and industry

Industry classification

Macro Economic Indicator	Sector	Industry	Basic Industry
Financial Services	Financial Services	Finance	Financial Institution

NHB was established on July 9, 1988, under the NHB Act, 1987, of the Parliament as an apex institution in the housing segment. The NHB is chartered to function as a principal agency to promote HFCs and also to provide financial and other support to such institutions. The NHB is notified as a Public Financial Institution under section 4A of the Companies Act, 1956, and was a wholly-owned subsidiary of the RBI. However, following the announcement by the GoI in Union Budget 2018, the RBI divested its entire stake to the GoI, which now holds a 100% stake in NHB. NHB provides refinance support to SCBs, HFCs, RRBs, other development cooperative societies, and development banks in the housing finance sector.

Brief Financials (₹ crore)	June 30, 2023 (A)	June 30, 2024 (A)
Total operating income	4,981.49	6,531.98
PAT	1,261.76	1,663.60
Interest coverage (times)*	1.56	1.57
Total Assets	100,252.63	1,12,152.53
Net NPA (%)	0.00	0.00
ROTA (%)	1.45	1.59

A: Audited; Note: 'the above results are latest financial results available'

*CARE Ratings calculated ratio

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA:

Not Applicable

Any other information:

Not Applicable

Rating history for last three years: Annexure-2

Covenants of rated instrument / facility: Annexure-3

Complexity level of various instruments rated: Annexure-4

Lender details: Annexure-5

Annexure-1: Details of instruments/facilities

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance (DD-MM-YYYY)	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date (DD-MM-YYYY)	Size of the Issue (₹ crore)	Rating Assigned along with Rating Outlook
7.51% NHB Taxable Bond 2031	INE557F08FX6	26-Apr-2024	7.51%	04-Apr-2031	3000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
7.78% NHB Bonds April 2027	INE557F08FV0	11-Mar-2024	7.78%	26-Apr-2027	2000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Bonds	INE557F08FT4	12-Jan-2024	7.57%	09-Jan-2031	2000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
NHB Taxable Bonds 2026	INE557F08FR8	26-May-2023	7.22%	23-Jun-2026	2000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
UNSECURED REDEEMABLE NON-CONVERTIBLE BOND	INE557F08FY4	30-May-2024	7.59%	14-Jul-2027	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
UNSECURED REDEEMABLE NON-CONVERTIBLE BOND	INE557F08FZ1	20-Jun-2024	7.59%	08-Sep-2027	3200.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Bonds - Proposed	-	-	-	-	800.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Bonds- Proposed	-	-	-	-	1000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Bonds- Proposed	-	-	-	-	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07074	30-Aug-2013	8.46%	30-Aug-2028	883.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07090	13-Jan-2014	8.63%	13-Jan-2029	407.16	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07108	13-Jan-2014	8.76%	13-Jan-2034	713.43	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07124	13-Jan-2014	8.88%	13-Jan-2029	85.73	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07132	13-Jan-2014	9.01%	13-Jan-2034	665.72	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07157	24-Mar-2014	8.68%	24-Mar-2029	421.99	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07165	24-Mar-2014	8.65%	24-Mar-2034	73.56	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07181	24-Mar-2014	8.93%	24-Mar-2029	332.61	CARE AAA; Stable

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance (DD-MM-YYYY)	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date (DD-MM-YYYY)	Size of the Issue (₹ crore)	Rating Assigned along with Rating Outlook
Market Borrowing Programme- Tax free Bonds	INE557F07199	24-Mar-2014	8.90%	24-Mar-2034	48.35	CARE AAA; Stable
Market Borrowing Programme- Proposed	-	-	-	-	604.88	CARE AAA; Stable
Fund-based - ST-Term loan	-	-	-	-	15000.00	CARE A1+
NHB deposits	-	02-May-2023*	4.75%	18-Sep-2030*	4944.85	CARE AAA; Stable
NHB deposits	-	16-Feb-2024*	4.75%	18-Jul-2031*	10000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
NHB deposits	-	28-Nov-2023*	4.75%	02-Apr-2031*	5055.64	CARE AAA; Stable
NHB deposits - Proposed	-	-	-	-	10000.00	CARE AAA; Stable

*1st issuance date and last maturity date

Annexure-2: Rating history for the last three years

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022
1	Borrowings-Market Borrowing Programme	LT	4236.43	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jan-24) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (14-Nov-23) 5)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Oct-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (13-Dec-22)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Jan-22)

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022
						6)CARE AAA; Stable (30-Jun-23) 7)CARE AAA; Stable (15-May-23)		
2	NHB deposits	LT	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (13-Dec-22)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Jan-22)
3	NHB deposits	LT	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (14-Nov-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Oct-23) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (30-Jun-23) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (15-May-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (13-Dec-22)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Jan-22)
4	Bonds	LT	3000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jan-24) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (14-Nov-23) 5)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Oct-23) 6)CARE AAA; Stable	-	-

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022
						(30-Jun-23)		
						7)CARE AAA; Stable (15-May-23)		
5	NHB deposits	LT	4944.85	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jan-24) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (14-Nov-23) 5)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Oct-23) 6)CARE AAA; Stable (30-Jun-23)	-	-
6	Bonds	LT	3000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jan-24) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (14-Nov-23) 5)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Oct-23)	-	-

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022
						6)CARE AAA; Stable (30-Jun-23)		
7	NHB deposits	LT	10000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jan-24) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (14-Nov-23) 5)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Oct-23)	-	-
8	NHB deposits	LT	5055.64	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jan-24)	-	-
9	Bonds	LT	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (18-Mar-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-24)	-	-
10	Fund-based - ST-Term loan	ST	15000.00	CARE A1+	1)CARE A1+ (05-Sep-24)	1)CARE A1+ (18-Mar-24)	-	-

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022
					2)CARE A1+ (24-May-24)			
11	Bonds	LT	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	-	-	-
12	Bonds	LT	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (24-May-24)	-	-	-
13	Bonds	LT	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Sep-24)	-	-	-
14	NHB deposits	LT	10000.00	CARE AAA; Stable				

LT: Long term; ST: Short term

Annexure-3: Detailed explanation of covenants of the rated instruments/facilities: Not Applicable

Annexure-4: Complexity level of the various instruments rated

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Complexity Level
1	Bonds	Simple
2	Borrowings-Market Borrowing Programme	Simple
3	Fund-based - ST-Term loan	Simple
4	NHB deposits	Simple

Annexure-5: Lender details

To view the lender wise details of bank facilities please [click here](#)

Note on the complexity levels of the rated instruments: CARE Ratings has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careedge.in for any clarifications.

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About us:

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