

## Maral Overseas Limited

August 14, 2023

Facilities/Instruments	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating <sup>1</sup>	Rating Action
Long Term Bank Facilities	257.18	CARE BBB-; Stable	Revised from CARE BBB; Negative
Short Term Bank Facilities	223.00	CARE A3	Reaffirmed

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1.

### Rationale and key rating drivers

The revision in the ratings assigned to the bank facilities of Maral Overseas Limited (MOL) factors in continued sluggish demand from export destinations triggered by inflation and recessionary pressures in the developed economies which has led to subdued operational performance of the company during Q1FY24 (refers to the period April 1 to June 30) marked by dip in sales and reported net loss. The macro-economic headwinds are likely to continue during H1FY24 (refers to the period from April 1 to September 30) with expected moderation in the profitability and debt coverage indicators on a full year basis for the current fiscal. The revision in the rating also factors in negative cash accruals during Q1FY24 and moderation in the financial risk profile of the company. The ratings are constrained by continuation of MOL under the ambit of Corporate Debt Restructuring (CDR) forum and susceptibility of its profitability margins to volatility in raw material prices, foreign exchange fluctuations risk and its presence in highly competitive market. The ratings however, derive strength from its strong parentage, experienced promoters and management team, its diversified product profile and established marketing tie-ups with leading apparel brands. The ratings are, further strengthened by the geographically distributed operations of the company with low customer concentration risk of the company.

### Rating sensitivities: Factors likely to lead to rating actions

#### Positive factors

- Uptick in demand with improvement in sales and PBILDT margin of 11% on sustained basis.
- Overall gearing of less than 1.8x

#### Negative factors

- Decline in total operating income below Rs. 450 crores with substantial moderation in profitability.
- Deterioration in overall gearing of more than 3x

**Analytical approach:** Standalone

#### Outlook: Stable

CARE Ratings believes that the entity shall sustain its operational performance over the medium term on back of expected uptick in H2FY24 (refers to the period October 1 to March 31) for textile industry and resourceful promoters with experienced and professional management.

### Detailed description of the key rating drivers:

#### Key strengths

**Experienced promoters with qualified management team and strong parentage:** MOL is a part of LNJ Bhilwara group, which was established in 1960 by Mr. L N Jhunjhunwala. The group is a well-diversified conglomerate with interests in textiles, graphite electrodes, power generation & power engineering consultancy services and IT enabled services. LNJ Bhilwara group has its presence in the entire textile value chain from textile yarns to fabrics, knitwear and denims through its group companies namely BMD Private Limited (rated CARE BBB+; Negative/CARE A2), Maral Overseas Limited, RSWM Limited and BSL Limited. The production units and corporate offices of the Group are spread over 38 locations in India, and the Group employs more than 26,000 people. MOL is currently headed by Mr. Shekhar Agarwal (Chairman and Managing Director) who did his B.Tech. (Mechanical Engineering) from IIT, Kanpur in 1975 and Master of Science in Industrial & Systems Engineering in 1976 from Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago, USA. He has an experience of more than three decades in this line of business. He is well assisted by a qualified management team having functional experience in related areas.

**Diversified product profile and established marketing tie-ups with leading apparel brands:** MOL is engaged in manufacturing of cotton yarn, knitted fabrics, processed fabrics and ready-made garments and has presence throughout the textile value chain. The company also owns a fully- integrated dye house plant with latest technology having facility for dyeing of yarn. The company sells its products in both domestic as well as export market and apart from this a significant portion of the

<sup>1</sup>Complete definition of the ratings assigned are available at [www.careedge.in](http://www.careedge.in) and other CARE Ratings Ltd.'s publications

cotton yarn and fabrics manufactured by the company are also used in-house to manufacture fabric and garments which provides better control on the quality of the finished garment. Further, the customer base of MOL is diversified, primarily due to its varied product profile. Being in operations since the last two decades, MOL has established tie-ups with various agents and strong apparel brands like M/s Cecil (Germany), M/s Schiesser (Germany), M/s Joy Sportwear (Germany), M/s Blair (USA), M/s. RNA Resources (Dubai), M/s Reitman (Canada), M/s Marubeni (Japan) etc.

**Geographically diversified operations and low customer concentration risk:** Being an export-oriented unit, the company derived almost half of its revenue from the export markets. The company exports its products majorly to Far East & Southeast Asian Countries, Europe, North America, Gulf and Middle East, Africa etc. Furthermore, there is low customer concentration risk as the company caters to a large customer base present across the globe.

### Key weaknesses

**Subdued operational performance in Q1FY24:** Owing to disparity between domestic and international cotton prices, a decline in global demand due to high inflation and recessionary pressures in developed economies, and increased energy and supply chain costs, the company reported moderation of around 13% (as compared to Q1FY23) in total operating income to Rs. 231.00 crore with subdued profitability (negative PAT of Rs. 14.42 crore) during Q1FY24. The increase in cotton prices could not be passed on completely to the customers due to stiff competition. Further, the garment unit of the company also reported losses due to increase in raw materials costs (fabric) which the company was not able to pass to its customers. Furthermore, the increase in wages as per U.P. State Government Policy also contributed to losses in the garment division of the company. However, the company has taken corrective steps to improve the profitability of garment segment and operation of two garment units are consolidated to reduce lease rentals expenses as well as administrative overheads. Furthermore, with stabilization of cotton prices, cost rationalisation measures being taken by the company and expected growth in demand from export markets other than Europe, the company expects turnaround in profitability.

CARE Ratings expects "while challenges are expected to persist in H1FY24 (refers to the period April 1 to September 30), there are positive indications for the demand of Indian cotton yarn in H2FY24. Factors contributing to this improvement include the alignment of Indian cotton prices with international prices, a shift in demand from competing nations, gradual recovery in demand from China following the relaxation of its zero-covid policy, and a rebound in global demand from downstream industries. Indian cotton yarn industry is likely to witness 5-7% growth in sales volume, while the operating margin is expected to expand by 100-150 bps in FY24 over FY23."

**Moderation in financial risk profile:** The capital structure of the company has moderated with overall gearing of around 2.3x as on March 31, 2023, as against 1.57x as on March 31, 2022, on account of higher debt availed by company coupled with decrease in net worth base of company due to net losses reported during FY23. During FY23, interest coverage of the company also moderated to 1.5x as against 6.70x during FY22 which further deteriorated to 0.13x for Q1FY24. The moderated in debt coverage indicators was primarily due to lower profitability during FY23 and Q1FY24.

**Susceptibility of profitability margins to volatility in the raw material prices:** The basic raw material consumed by MOL to produce yarn is cotton. Cotton prices, which are dependent on the government policies, effect of monsoon, etc. have been highly volatile in the past few years. Furthermore, yarn being a commodity, its price is also volatile and movement in yarn prices can also have an impact on the profitability margins of MOL's fabric and garment verticals.

**Exposure to foreign currency fluctuation risk:** MOL is exposed to foreign currency fluctuation risk as the company derives significant portion of its revenue from the export market. Thus, profitability margins of the company remain susceptible to any adverse movement in the foreign currency. The company also imports raw materials which provide the natural hedge to company to some extent. Further, the company hedges the balance forex risk through forward contracts (generally almost 100% of foreign currency exposure is hedged by the company), which mitigates the risk to some extent.

**High competition in the garment segment from other export-based countries:** In the garment segment, the company faces major competition from China, Bangladesh and other cheap export-based countries which sell garments at lower rates compared to India. Domestic competition has been growing in the garment segment with the international brands entering India. Moreover, the exporters affected by the slowdown in exports are diverting their capacity to the domestic market, thereby increasing competition, and affecting margins.

### Liquidity: Adequate

The company reported positive cash flow from operations during FY23 of ~Rs. 15.6 crore as against ~Rs. 34 crore during FY22. The current portion of long-term debt during FY24 is around Rs. 19 crores (scheduled repayment of term loans from banks) against which company expects sufficient cash accruals on the back of stabilisation of cotton prices. The company has free cash and bank balance of Rs 6.65 crore as on June 30, 2023 as against Rs. 7.14 crore as on March 31, 2023. The working capital cycle of the company remains modest on account of slightly high inventory days as company's major raw material cotton is cyclic in nature and the company has to maintain sufficient level of inventory for the entire period. Average inventory period for MOL has

remained in the range of 50-65 days on account of MOL's policy to store good quality cotton which is usually available during the period October- April. Further, around 45-50% of sales of MOL is overseas sales, out of which company receives 30% of its sales in advance and balance 70 days at sight terms (between 25-30 days) and around 90% of its overseas creditors are LC backed in nature. For domestic sales, the company provides credit terms of 30 to 45 days. The average utilization of working capital limits of the company remains at around 78% which provides buffer in case on any cash flow mismatch.

### Applicable criteria

[Policy on default recognition](#)  
[Financial Ratios – Non financial Sector](#)  
[Liquidity Analysis of Non-financial sector entities](#)  
[Rating Outlook and Credit Watch](#)  
[Short Term Instruments](#)  
[Cotton Textile](#)  
[Manufacturing Companies](#)  
[Policy on Withdrawal of Ratings](#)

### About the company and industry

#### Industry classification

Macro Economic Indicator	Sector	Industry	Basic Industry
Consumer Discretionary	Textiles	Textiles & Apparels	Other Textile Products

Incorporated in 1989, MOL is a part of LNJ Bhilwara group. The company commenced production in 1992, with setting up of a 20,160 spindles cotton spinning plant for manufacturing of yarn which has increased over the years to 79,056 spindles. The company is engaged in the manufacturing of grey yarn (19,100 MTPA), dyed yarn (4,000 MTPA), knitted fabrics (6,500 MTPA), processed fabrics (7,200 MTPA) and ready-made garments (72 lac pieces per annum) with its manufacturing facilities located in Noida (U.P) and Kharagone (M.P.). MOL had approached the CDR forum in July 2008 and the restructuring proposal / package was approved on March 26, 2009. Since then, MOL continues to service its debt as per the CDR terms.

Brief Financials (₹ crore)	March 31, 2022 (A)	March 31, 2023 (UA)^	Q1FY24 (UA)
Total operating income	1,092.61	1041.12	231.00
PBILDT	127.51	34.71	1.01
PAT	66.98	-15.93	-14.42
Overall gearing (times)	1.57	2.33	NA
Interest coverage (times)	6.06	1.50	0.13

A: Audited UA: Unaudited NA: Not Available; Note: 'the above results are latest financial results available'

^Basis abridged financials for FY23 reported on BSE on May 4, 2023

**Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA:** Not Applicable

**Any other information:** Not Applicable

**Rating history for last three years:** Please refer Annexure-2

**Covenants of rated instrument / facility:** Detailed explanation of covenants of the rated instruments/facilities is given in Annexure-3

**Complexity level of various instruments rated:** Annexure-4

**Lender details:** Annexure-5

#### Annexure-1: Details of instruments/facilities

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date (DD-MM-YYYY)	Size of the Issue (₹ crore)	Rating Assigned along with Rating Outlook
Fund-based - LT-Term Loan		-	-	May 2030	257.18	CARE BBB-; Stable
Fund-based-Short Term		-	-	-	195.00	CARE A3
Non-fund-based - ST-BG/LC		-	-	-	28.00	CARE A3

**Annexure-2: Rating history for the last three years**

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2020-2021
1	Fund-based - LT-Term Loan	LT	257.18	CARE BBB-; Stable	1)CARE BBB; Negative (15-May-23)	1)CARE BBB+; Negative (15-Nov-22) 2)CARE BBB+; Stable (01-Aug-22)	1)CARE BBB; Stable (27-Oct-21)	1)CARE BBB-; Negative (06-Oct-20) 2)CARE BBB-; Stable (30-Jun-20)
2	Fund-based-Short Term	ST	195.00	CARE A3	1)CARE A3 (15-May-23)	1)CARE A3+ (15-Nov-22) 2)CARE A3+ (01-Aug-22)	1)CARE A3 (27-Oct-21)	1)CARE A3 (06-Oct-20) 2)CARE A3 (30-Jun-20)
3	Non-fund-based - ST-BG/LC	ST	28.00	CARE A3	1)CARE A3 (15-May-23)	1)CARE A3+ (15-Nov-22) 2)CARE A3+ (01-Aug-22)	1)CARE A3 (27-Oct-21)	1)CARE A3 (06-Oct-20) 2)CARE A3 (30-Jun-20)

**Annexure-3: Detailed explanation of covenants of the rated instruments/facilities-** Not Applicable**Annexure-4: Complexity level of the various instruments rated**

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Complexity Level
1	Fund-based - LT-Term Loan	Simple
2	Fund-based-Short Term	Simple
3	Non-fund-based - ST-BG/LC	Simple

**Annexure-5: Lender details**

To view the lender wise details of bank facilities please [click here](#)

**Note on the complexity levels of the rated instruments:** CARE Ratings has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careedge.in for any clarifications.

### Contact us

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