

Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd (Revised)
April 09, 2021
Ratings

Facilities	Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating	Rating Action
Long Term Bank Facilities	25,000.00 (enhanced from 12,997.58)	CARE AAA; Stable (Triple A; Outlook: Stable)	Reaffirmed
Short Term Bank Facilities	75,000.00 (enhanced from 59,822.95)	CARE A1+ (A One Plus)	Reaffirmed
Total	1,00,000.00 (Rupees One Lakh Crore Only)		

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1
Detailed Rationale & Key Rating Drivers

The ratings continue to factor in the market leadership of Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd. (HDFC) in the Indian housing finance industry, long-standing track record of operations, adequate capitalisation levels & strong resource raising ability, strict underwriting standards and risk management procedures and healthy asset quality albeit with some moderation in FY20. The ratings also consider HDFC's vast marketing as well as distribution network and its ability to raise resources at competitive rates. The ratings also take into account HDFC's strong business franchise of subsidiaries/ associates in Banking, Asset Management, Life Insurance, General Insurance, Educational loans and property funds. The ratings draw comfort from underlying potential value in some of its investments. These strengths are partially offset by exposure to comparatively riskier non-individual loan segment and increasing competition in prime home loan segment.

The lockdown imposed in most parts of the country due to Covid-19 pandemic, has had impact on disbursements and collections of HFCs/NBFCs. Any delay in return to normalcy and/or any change in behavior of borrowers with regards to payment discipline can affect the asset quality and profitability of HFCs/NBFCs in FY21. However, the collections of HDFC were less impacted due to lockdown as significant portion of the AUM is contributed by the prime borrower segment, which remained relatively resilient amidst lockdown. Overall collection efficiency for individual loans for the month of December was 97.6% as compared to 96.3% in September. As on February 28, 2021, the company also maintained adequate liquidity of over Rs.37,728 crore, in the form of bank balances, liquid mutual funds, deposits with banks, and investments in Government securities. The liquidity profile also derives comfort from the ability of HDFC to raise funds through capital markets, deposits, banks and refinance facilities during the period of lockdown.

Rating sensitivities

Negative factors: Factors that could lead to negative rating action/downgrade:

- Weakening of the credit profile of HDFC Ltd and/or its subsidiaries/associates.
- Material deterioration in asset quality of HDFC Ltd.
- Increase in gearing (Debt/Net-worth) beyond 9x levels.

Detailed description of the key rating drivers
Key Rating Strengths
Market leadership in the housing finance industry complemented by strong domestic franchise

HDFC is the market leader in the housing finance industry in India. The company has a strong distribution network comprising 585 outlets. In addition, HDFC covers several locations in the country through outreach programmes. HDFC has an international presence, which primarily caters to the non-resident Indians. HDFC's outstanding loan portfolio (net of loans sold) stood at Rs.4,83,919 crore as on December 31, 2020. The average size of individual loans, as at December 31, 2020, stood at Rs.28.5 lakh. During FY20, 82% of individual loans approved in value terms were from salaried category, whereas remaining 18% were from self-employed category. Further Middle Income Group (MIG) accounts 46% of value of individual loans approved, followed by High Income Group (HIG), Low Income Group (LIG) and Economically Weaker Section (EWS) with 36%, 16% and 2% respectively.

Strong track record with the experienced management

Established in 1977, the company has a strong track record in the housing finance sector with a stable and experienced management. Mr. Deepak Parekh is the Chairman of HDFC Ltd. The day-to-day affairs are handled by Mr. Keki Mistry, (Vice Chairman & CEO), Ms. Renu Sud Karnad (Managing Director) and Mr. V. Srinivasa Rangan (Executive Director) who are assisted by an experienced team.

Healthy capitalization levels

HDFC continues to maintain healthy capitalization levels supported by its strong capital raising ability. Corporation reported Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 17.6% as on March 31, 2020 [P.Y.: 19.1%] with Tier I CAR being 16.5% [P.Y.: 17.5%]. Total CAR and Tier I CAR continue to well above regulatory requirement of 13% and 10% respectively. As on March 31, 2020, HDFC's gearing levels also remained stable at 4.70x [P.Y.: 4.72x]. Further during August'20, the Corporation also raised Rs.14,000 crore through its Qualified Institutions Placement of equity shares and non-convertible debentures simultaneously with warrants. As a result, HDFC's reported Total CAR and Tier I CAR improved to 20.9% and 19.9% respectively as on December 31, 2020

Strict underwriting standards and risk management procedures help maintain asset quality

A long track record and experience has helped HDFC build strict underwriting standards and risk management procedures. The quality of standards and risk management system help the company to maintain a healthy asset quality, thereby, leading to lower credit costs for the company over the years. HDFC continues to have one of the most stable asset quality parameters in the housing finance industry though there was some moderation in asset quality in FY20. As on March 31, 2020, it reported Gross NPA ratio of 1.99% [P.Y.: 1.18%]. GNPA's in individual and non-individual loan book stood at 0.95% [P.Y.: 0.70%] and 4.71% [P.Y.: 2.34%] of the respective portfolios as on March 31, 2020. Moderation in asset quality in FY20 was primarily contributed by non-individual loan book. As at December 31, 2020, the GNPA's stood at 1.67%. GNPA's in individual and non-individual loan book stood at 0.79% and 4.00% of the respective portfolios as on December 31, 2020. Without the Supreme Court Dispensation, the GNPA stood at 1.91% with individual and non-individual loan book GNPA at 0.98% and 4.35% respectively as at December 31, 2020.

Strong resources profile

HDFC has a strong and well-diversified resource profile. As on March 31, 2020, market borrowings by way of debentures and securities constituted 43% [P.Y.: 50%] of the total borrowings, deposits constituted 32% [P.Y.: 29%] and term loans constituted 25% [P.Y.: 21%]. As on December 31, 2020, market borrowings by way of debentures and securities constituted 43% of the total borrowings, deposits constituted 34% and term loans constituted 23%.

Consistent healthy financial metrics

HDFC's outstanding loan portfolio grew by around 11% (net of loans sold) (y-o-y) during FY20 to Rs.4,50,903 crore as on March 31, 2020. Of the total loans on an AUM basis, individuals constituted around 76% [P.Y.:74%] with the rest mainly comprising loans to the corporate bodies/ developers.

HDFC registered growth of 84% in PAT in FY20, largely contributed by fair value gain of Rs.9,020 crore on the amalgamation of Gruh Finance with Bandhan Bank. As a result, HDFC Ltd's ROTA also improved to 3.62% during FY20 (including the impact of profit on sale of investments) [P.Y: 2.25%]. During 9MFY21, corporation reported PAT of Rs.8,847 crore [P.Y: Rs.15,537 crore] on the total income of Rs.36,468 crore [P.Y: Rs.46,782 crore].

Strong business franchise of subsidiaries/associates

HDFC's subsidiaries/associates are important players in the banking industry, Asset Management business, Life & General Insurance sector. HDFC bank is the largest private sector bank. HDFC Asset Management is one of the largest mutual fund managers. HDFC Life Insurance and HDFC Ergo General Insurance are amongst the leading insurers in life and general insurance segment, respectively.

Key Rating Weaknesses

Non-individual segment is comparatively risky

As on March 31, 2020, non-individual segment accounts 24% of AUM, which exposes company to some concentration risk. As on March 31, 2020, Top 10 group exposures account 15% of loan book and 77% of net worth. However, company has strong systems and processes to manage non-individual exposures. Further, top group exposures of company consist of groups with strong credit profile and these group exposures are spread across multiple projects, which bring in diversification of risk.

Increasing competition in prime home loan segment

HDFC is exposed to intense competition in prime home loan segment as banks are aggressively targeting prime home loan segment.

Analytical approach: Standalone

Applicable Criteria

[Rating Outlook and Credit Watch](#)

[CARE Policy on Default Recognition](#)

[Rating Methodology- Housing Finance Companies](#)

[Financial ratios - Financial Sector](#)

[Short Term Instruments](#)

Liquidity profile: Strong

Overall liquidity profile of HDFC is comfortable as the company has proven ability to raise resources both, in domestic and international markets. As a part of liquidity management, HDFC has been carrying overnight liquidity in the form of bank balances, liquid fund schemes of mutual funds, deposits with banks, and investments in Government Securities. As on February, 2021, the total outstanding is approximately Rs.37,728 crore. The corporation routinely taps into debt market with issuances across tenors, which are subscribed to by various investor classes. These borrowings are further supplemented by loans from banks, NHB refinance and deposits programme, ECB and Masala bond issuances. The corporation also raises funds through the loan assignment route. The unaccounted gains of listed equity including the corporation's subsidiary and associate companies stood at Rs.2.64 lakh crore as on February 28, 2021.

About the Company

HDFC was incorporated in 1977 as the first mortgage finance company in India. With over four decades of successful operations, HDFC offers a whole gamut of products like loans to individuals, loans to corporates, construction finance, and lease rental discounting. The financial conglomerate has subsidiaries and associates in insurance (general and life), asset management, education finance, venture funds and banking services. The company had presence through 585 outlets (including 206 offices of its distribution subsidiary – HDFC Sales Private Limited) as on March 31, 2020. In addition, HDFC covers several locations through outreach programmes. Distribution channels form an integral part of the distribution network with home loans being distributed through HSPL, HDFC Bank Ltd. and third party DSAs.

Brief Financials As per Ind AS (Rs. crore)	FY19 (A)	FY20 (A)
Revenue from Operations	43,348	58,739
Reported PAT	9,633	17,770
Total Assets	4,58,778	5,24,094
GNPA (%)	1.18	1.99
ROTA (%)	2.25	3.62

A: Audited

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not Applicable

Any other information: Not Applicable

Rating History for last three years: Please refer Annexure-2

Annexure-1: Details of Instruments/Facilities

ISIN	Name of the Instrument	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Size of the Issue (Rs. crore)	Rating assigned along with Rating Outlook
NA	Term Loan-Short Term	-	-	Up to 1 one year	75,000.00 (enhanced from 59,822.95)	CARE A1+
NA	Term Loan-Long Term	-	-	Up to 14 years	25,000.00 (enhanced from 12,997.58)	CARE AAA; Stable

Annexure-2: Rating History of last three years

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating history			
		Type	Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2020-2021	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2019-2020	Date(s) & Rating(s) assigned in 2018-2019
1.	Issuer Rating-Issuer Ratings	Issuer rating	0.00	CARE AAA (Is); Stable		1)CARE AAA (Is); Stable (08-Oct-20)	1)CARE AAA (Is); Stable (09-Sep-19)	1)CARE AAA (Is); Stable (31-Aug-18)
2.	Term Loan-Short Term	ST	75,000.00 (enhanced from 59,822.95)	CARE A1+		1)CARE A1+ (16-Feb-21) 2)CARE A1+ (08-Oct-20) 3)CARE A1+ (18-Jun-20)	1)CARE A1+ (21-Feb-20) 2)CARE A1+ (29-Nov-19) 3)CARE A1+ (09-Sep-19) 4)CARE A1+ (07-Jun-19)	1)CARE A1+ (28-Feb-19) 2)CARE A1+ (05-Dec-18) 3)CARE A1+ (31-Aug-18) 4)CARE A1+ (29-May-18)

3.	Term Loan-Long Term	LT	25,000.00 (enhanced from 12,997.58)	CARE AAA; Stable		1)CARE AAA; Stable (21-Feb-20) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (29-Nov-19) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (09-Sep-19) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (07-Jun-19)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (28-Feb-19) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (05-Dec-18) 3)CARE AAA; Stable (31-Aug-18) 4)CARE AAA; Stable (29-May-18)
4.	Commercial Paper (Standalone)	ST	75000.00	CARE A1+		1)CARE A1+ (08-Oct-20) 2)CARE A1+ (01-Sep-20)	1)CARE A1+ (09-Sep-19) 1)CARE A1+ (31-Aug-18)

Annexure 3: Complexity level of various instruments rated for this Company

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Complexity Level
1.	Commercial Paper (Standalone)	Simple
2.	Issuer Rating-Issuer Ratings	Simple
3.	Term Loan-Long Term	Simple
4.	Term Loan-Short Term	Simple

Annexure 4: Detailed explanations of covenants of the rated instrument / facilities – Not Applicable

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument: CARE has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. This classification is available at www.careratings.com. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careratings.com for any clarifications.

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