

HFCL Limited

July 06, 2022

Ratings

Facilities/Instruments	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
Long-term bank facilities	539.27 (Enhanced from 539.21)	CARE A; Stable (Single A; Outlook: Stable)	Reaffirmed
Short-term bank facilities	1,841.97 (Reduced from 1,842.02)	CARE A2+ (A Two Plus)	Reaffirmed
Total bank facilities	2,381.24 (₹ Two thousand three hundred eighty-one crore and twenty-four lakhs only)		
Non-convertible debentures	11.24	CARE A; Stable (Single A; Outlook: Stable)	Reaffirmed
Total long-term instruments	11.24 (₹ Eleven crore and twenty-four lakhs only)		

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1

Detailed Rationale & Key Rating Drivers

The ratings continue to derive strength from long and established track record with highly experienced management team and strong association with Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited (RJIL), healthy order book aggregating to around Rs 5,300 crore as on March 31, 2022 which provides medium term revenue visibility and its diversified customer base. The ratings further take into account HFCL's comfortable financial risk profile characterized by healthy total operating income and enhanced profitability and improved capital structure in FY22 (refers to period from April 01 to March 31). Profitability on the back of increased revenues from the product segment of the company which also garners higher profitability vis-à-vis the turnkey (services) segment. The improvement in the capital structure follows the successful completion of QIP of Rs 600 crore which has led to enhanced net worth base of the company. HFCL is well placed to benefit from the increasing demand in the industry driven by capex by major telcos globally towards 5G rollout and by domestic telcos/corporates towards network strengthening in light of increasing level of digitization.. These rating strengths are, however, tempered by inherently working capital-intensive operations due to elongated collection cycle in turnkey segment, risk associated with large-sized, tender-based orders, project risk emanating from significant investments over the next 2 years in enhancing optic fibre and cable capacity as well as under PLI scheme, susceptibility to volatile raw material prices and prevalent competition in the industry. Care Edge however believes, that going forward, the operating cycle of the company would rationalize given its conscious strategy to increase the mix of product-based sales in total revenues and the near completion of some of its large sized turnkey projects especially the defense projects where the milestone linked payments are expected to be release during the next fiscal (FY23) leading to an expected improvement in the collections.

Rating Sensitivities

Positive Factors - Factors that could lead to positive rating action/upgrade:

- Substantial improvement in scale of operations along with improvement in capital structure and coverage indicators, with Total Debt (Including LC's)/EBITDA in the range of 2- 2.5x on a sustained basis.
- Improvement in the average collection period to less than 100 days on a sustained basis.

Negative Factors- Factors that could lead to negative rating action/downgrade:

- Substantial decline in operating profitability due to global supply-demand mismatch, which could result in operating margin sliding below 12% on sustained basis. Slower than anticipated realization of the outstanding debtors having an impact on the liquidity profile of the company.
- Total debt (including LC's) to PBILDT exceeding 3x on sustained basis.

Detailed description of the key rating drivers

Key Rating Strengths

Long and established track record with highly experienced management team and strong association with RJIL

Mr. Mahendra Nahata, the managing director of the company, has a business experience of more than thirty-five years in the telecom sector. He is also on the Board of RJIL since 2010 and is associated with various forums related to the industry. He is assisted by the management team comprising of officials who are highly experienced in their respective domains. The company also has a strong association with RJIL, with HFCL being responsible for execution of RJIL's network expansion plans for the Northern region. HFCL has been associated with RJIL since the network roll out of RJIL started and has been responsible for network planning, design and implementation of its network for the Northern region. However, HFCL has been making constant effort to diversify its revenue base and accordingly the contribution of revenue from RJIL to the total operating income of HFCL is decreasing y-o-y. RJIL contributed ~63% to the total revenue of HFCL in FY18 which decreased to 28% in FY22.

¹Complete definition of the ratings assigned are available at www.careedge.in and other CARE Ratings Ltd.'s publications

Strong order book providing revenue visibility and diversifying customer base

HFCL has a strong order book (consolidated) with the company having strong order book (consolidated) of ₹4,159 crore and orders under release of ₹1,149 crore totalling to ₹5,308 crore as on March 31, 2022, giving a medium-term revenue visibility. Out of the total order book, orders of around ₹1,900 crore are where BSNL is the implementing agency (almost all of which are funded out of Network for Spectrum (NFS) funds). The management has been diversifying its customer base by focusing on PSU contracts which have potential business with 'Digital India' programme of GoI. The order book broadly consists of 44% defence projects (DWDM, GOFNMS, MW Radios, IPMPLS, etc.), 19% optical fiber cable, 19% from Reliance Jio, 5% from BharatNet and balance from miscellaneous segments such as Railway Communications, Smart City etc. The order book is also well diversified with revenue stream across geographies such as Punjab, J&K, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand, Himachal Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Delhi, Chhattisgarh, Madhya Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana etc.

Comfortable financial risk profile characterized by healthy total operating income and profitability and comfortable capital structure

The total operating income on a consolidated basis witnessed a moderate growth of 6.5% in FY22 to reach ₹4,727 crore, supported by healthy traction on its key defence projects. PBILDT margin improved by 100 bps to 13.75% driven by relatively higher proportion of telecom products. The significant growth in sales and profitability in FY22 is owing to higher contribution of manufactured products (mainly OFC, OF and Wifi products) which have better margins and shorter collection period. In the past, the turnkey division comprised of more than 70% of revenue and had longer execution period (2-3 years apart from warranty period & O&M). Therefore, the payments get spread over similar time period. However, the company has consciously shifted focus on manufacturing division (average credit period: 90-100 days) which now comprises close to 43% of sales in FY22 (PY: 27%). Management is focused on bringing the product mix to 60% by FY24 and the planned capex over the next 2 years is also in line to achieve the same.

The overall gearing (including LC's & acceptances) improved to 0.56x as on March 31, 2022 from 0.97x a year earlier on the back of QIP issue of ₹600 crore in December 2021 and healthy profitability in FY22. The QIP proceeds have been partly used to reduce debt, creditors and some part of ICD's and company has parked an amount equivalent to Rs 224 crore as fixed deposits to be used for the planned expansions and need-based working capital requirements.

Approval under PLI Scheme and expansion in capacities

DoT launched the PLI scheme to boost domestic manufacturing in telecom and networking products by incentivising incremental investments and turnover with expected total outlay of ₹12,195 crore. HFCL has received the approval under the earlier PLI scheme in October 2021. However, The Department of Telecom (DoT) has announced an incentive scheme for design-led manufacturing, along with extending the duration of production linked incentive (PLI) scheme for telecom networking products by a year in June 2022 with addition of more products and additional 1% incentive. The DOT had notified the PLI scheme on February 24, 2021, with a financial outlay of Rs 12,195 crore. The DoT has amended the clause and made the scheme effective from April 01, 2022. HFCL is now exploring to apply afresh under this PLI.

A wholly owned subsidiary named HFCL Technologies Private Limited (HTPL) was incorporated to undertake the production under PLI scheme. HTPL would be required to set-up in-house facilities for the manufacturing of various telecom products including Wi-Fi, UBR, switches, routers, 5G small cell & 5G macro-Radio Unit (RU), DU (Distributed Unit) aggregation router, CU (centralized unit) aggregation router etc. Further, given the huge opportunities owing to 4G network expansions, FTTH rollouts, BharatNet project and evolution of 5G networks, the company intends to expand its optical fibre and optical fibre cable facilities by 10 mn fkm each, through HTPL. The total capex outlay being undertaken by HFCL is in the range of around ₹1000 crore over FY23 – FY25. The same will be funded in a judicious debt/equity/ internal accrual mix. Successful completion of all the capex being undertaken by HFCL and the company being able to derive the expected benefits out of these are key rating monitorable going forward.

Favorable Industry scenario and potential demand

The global fiber optic cable market was valued at US\$9.24 billion in 2020, and it is expected to reach US\$20.83 billion by 2026 at a CAGR of 14.5%. Submarine cables act as the backbone of the internet. There are about 350 submarine cables spanning 1.2 million kilometres connecting around 100 countries with USD 8 billion investments for 2019-21. Optical fiber cable (OFC) is a significant building block in the telecommunication infrastructure and is chosen by telecoms and consumers due to its high data volume capacity and lightweight nature which is associated with low susceptibility to noise and intrusion. In the Asia Pacific region, China dominates not only the regional market but also the global fiber optic cable market. The country has a high density of optical fiber network and is aggressively investing in new optical fiber infrastructure. In the past decade, India has emerged as one of the fastest growing digital economies and the largest consumers of data globally. Efforts have been made to improve broadband connectivity in rural areas with projects such as BharatNet offering broadband connectivity to all 2.5 lakh Gram Panchayats in India. The rise of cloud adoption across industries and the growth potential with respect to increasing demand for OFC from the IT & telecom sector, rising number of mobile devices, increasing adoption of FTTH (Fiber to the Home) connectivity, and surging number of data centers is further anticipated to fuel fiber optic cables market in India over the coming years. Moreover, owing to their security, scalability, and the unlimited bandwidth potential to handle the vast amount of traffic being generated, fiber optic cables are also being chosen to support the bandwidth levels catering to advanced technologies like 5G, Big Data, and IoT that rely heavily on real-time data collection and transfer.

The pandemic accelerated the adoption of new digital technologies and created a hybrid work model in many companies. The expectations of 5G rollout in the near future is expected to present the need for equipment upgrades such as focus on new

business models hinged on fiber, small cells, data centers, Wi-Fi, smart cities and beyond. Increasing demand in FTTX and telecommunications industry and technological advancements are primarily responsible for the increased growth of the market. As telecom operators are looking for high fiber count cables in reduced diameters, optical fiber and cable manufacturers are investing in research and development to realize smaller fibers and cables. Industry outlook remains positive with growth opportunities for all the players including HFCL.

Key Rating Weaknesses

Elongated working capital cycle, however back-to-back arrangement with the creditors

HFCL's operating cycle has been increasing y-o-y from 67 days in FY19 to 134 days in FY22 primarily on account of increase in average collection period which increased from 106 days to 211 days which in turn stem from higher proportion of defence projects (FY22: 26%, FY21: 43%). The debtor issue in defence projects was due to milestone-based payments which got impacted due to CoVID-19 and the large size of these orders accentuated the issue. The delays in the execution leg of the contracts were due to various reasons (site unavailability / lockdown etc).

Thus, while the company had billed for those projects, it had not actually fallen due for payment as per commercial terms of respective contracts. Furthermore, the company recorded significantly high sales in March, 2022 of ₹721 crore (PY: ₹725 crore). However, the trend of debtors (absolute amount) has started showing an improvement to ₹2,492 crore as on March 31, 2022 against ₹3,056 crore a year earlier. As for the overall debtors, IPMPLS, GOFNMS and BSNL comprise almost 28% of the group's overall debtors as on date. The defence debtors for projects where BSNL is the implementing agency are funded by DOT for which there is a dedicated escrow account created by DOT against NFS projects in which all NFS project related proceeds are credited by DOT. Further, HFCL enters into back-to-back arrangements with its suppliers/OEM partners in line with payment terms from authorities and hence, against a corresponding increase in the receivable levels, there has been an increase in the payable levels as well. However, the increase in creditor period is not proportionate to increase in collection period thus resulting in elongation of operating cycle. With major part of these defense projects completed and milestone now being achieved, it is expected that the operating cycle shall get rationalized during next fiscal (FY23).

Intense competition in the industry & susceptibility to volatility in raw material prices

The demand in cable business is majorly dependent on the operational/capital expenditure from telecom companies. Any delay or deferral of such expenditure would impact revenue visibility of companies catering to this business. Also, EPC business continues to face competition due to presence of many players. Further HFCL is making efforts to expand its product basket and also foray into exports where large-sized global players have established presence and the stiff competition in that segment may limit its pricing flexibility. The company is, however, focused on to gain traction in new geographies and value-added services as well as mitigate pricing pressure in relatively commoditized OF/OFC segment. The main raw materials required are optical fibre. The company is partially backward integrated for the same and is also in process to expand its OF capacities. At present the some of the balance OF requirement is met from outside vendors. The company is insulated against the volatility in optical fibre prices partially due to the backward integration but remains susceptible to the volatility in the prices of other raw materials which are procured from external sources and time lag in pass through of escalated costs.

Liquidity: Adequate

The liquidity position of HFCL is adequate marked by steady cash accrual generation in the range of ₹400 – 450 crore and free cash/liquid investments. The current ratio stood at 1.62x as on March 31, 2022. HFCL had free cash & bank balance of ₹174.20 crore as on May 31, 2022 (The company also needs to post margin money with banks which amounted to Rs 287 crore as on March 31, 2022.) These balances will be utilized partly towards the planned capacity expansions over next two years. The company has consolidated bank debt repayments of ₹53 crore due in FY23 and ₹55 crore in FY24. HFCL even intends to pay the ICD's amounting to ₹50 - 60 crore p.a. in next two years. The repayments include the repayments of its subsidiary HTL Ltd where HFCL has guaranteed the bank facilities by giving irrevocable and unconditional corporate guarantee. Further, owing to the working capital-intensive nature of operations, the average and maximum working capital utilization for the past 12 months ended May, 2022 stood at 81% and 91%, respectively.

Analytical approach: Consolidated.

Companies considered in consolidated financials:

Company	Shareholding
HTL Limited	74%
Polixel Security Systems Private Ltd	100%
Radeff Private Limited	90%
Nimpaa Telecommunications Private Limited (Jointly controlled entity)	50%
HFCL Technologies Private Ltd	100%
BigCat Wireless Pvt. Limited (Jointly Controlled Entity with 50% voting right)	25%
Moneta Finance (P) Ltd	100%
HFCL Advance Systems (P) Ltd	100%
DragonWave HFCL India Private Limited	100%
HFCL B.V. (Wholly owned Subsidiary w.e.f. 07th October 2021) – Netherland	100%
HFCL Inc. (Wholly owned Subsidiary w.e.f. 08th October 2021) - United States of America	100%

Applicable Criteria

[Policy on default recognition](#)
[Consolidation](#)
[Financial Ratios – Non financial Sector](#)
[Liquidity Analysis of Non-financial sector entities](#)
[Rating Outlook and Credit Watch](#)
[Manufacturing Companies](#)
[Construction](#)

About the Company

HFCL Ltd (Erstwhile Himachal Futuristic Communications Limited) was incorporated in the year 1987 to set up a plant in Solan (Himachal Pradesh) for assembling of telecom equipment. Subsequently, the company has ventured into various segments viz. Optical Fibre Cable (OFC) manufacturing in 1997 by setting up a plant at Goa and commenced rendering turnkey services in 1998. Under the turnkey services, the company provides and implements projects for complete site infrastructure for mobile operators, satellite & radio communication, optical transport networks and spectrum management solution and has worked for various private and government operators including major GSM vendors. Under sale of telecom equipment's, HFCL manufactures and sells telecom equipment in Optical, Wireless, and Wireline technologies (like 3G and 4G Repeaters, Broadband, etc.).

Brief Financials (₹crore)	31-03-2020 (A)	31-03-2021 (A)	31-03-2022 (A)
Total operating income	3,858.13	4,438.72	4,727.11
PBILDT	513.32	565.34	650.07
PAT	237.34	246.24	325.87
Overall gearing (times)^	0.45	0.50	0.27
Interest coverage (times)	4.47	3.24	3.91

A: Audited

^Including acceptances and LCs

Latest quarter - NA

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA:

Not applicable

Any other information:

Not applicable

Rating History for last three years: Please refer Annexure-2

Covenants of rated instrument / facility: Detailed explanation of covenants of the rated instruments/facilities is given in Annexure-3

Complexity level of various instruments rated for this company: Annexure 4

Annexure-1: Details of instruments/facilities

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Size of the Issue (₹ crore)	Rating Assigned along with Rating Outlook
Fund-based - LT-Term Loan		-	-	Dec 31, 2027	154.27	CARE A; Stable
Fund-based - LT-Cash Credit		-	-	-	385.00	CARE A; Stable
Non-fund-based - ST-BG/LC		-	-	-	1841.97	CARE A2+
Debentures-Non Convertible Debentures		Mar 28, 2017	10.30	Sep 30, 2021	11.24	CARE A; Stable

Annexure-2: Rating history for the last three years

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2020-2021	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2019-2020
1	Fund-based - LT-Term Loan	LT	154.27	CARE A; Stable	-	1)CARE A; Stable (29-Mar-22) 2)CARE A-; Negative (07-Jul-21)	1)CARE A-; Negative (07-Dec-20) 2)CARE A-; Negative (07-Jul-20)	1)CARE A-; Negative (29-Jan-20) 2)CARE A-; Stable (03-Jul-19)
2	Fund-based - LT-Cash Credit	LT	385.00	CARE A; Stable	-	1)CARE A; Stable (29-Mar-22) 2)CARE A-; Negative (07-Jul-21)	1)CARE A-; Negative (07-Dec-20) 2)CARE A-; Negative (07-Jul-20)	1)CARE A-; Negative (29-Jan-20) 2)CARE A-; Stable (03-Jul-19)
3	Non-fund-based - ST-BG/LC	ST	1841.97	CARE A2+	-	1)CARE A2+ (29-Mar-22) 2)CARE A2 (07-Jul-21)	1)CARE A2 (07-Dec-20) 2)CARE A2 (07-Jul-20)	1)CARE A2+ (29-Jan-20) 2)CARE A2+ (03-Jul-19)
4	Debentures-Non Convertible Debentures	LT	11.24	CARE A; Stable	-	1)CARE A; Stable (29-Mar-22) 2)CARE A-; Negative (07-Jul-21)	1)CARE A-; Negative (07-Dec-20) 2)CARE A-; Negative (07-Jul-20)	1)CARE A-; Negative (29-Jan-20) 2)CARE A-; Stable (03-Jul-19)
5	Preference Shares-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	LT	-	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (03-Jul-19)

*Long term/Short term.

Annexure-3: Detailed explanation of covenants of the rated instrument / facilities

Name of the Instrument	Detailed explanation
A. Financial covenants	
I Changes in capital structure	Effect any change in the borrower's capital structure where the shareholding of the existing promoters gets diluted below current level or 51% of the controlling stake (whichever is lower), without permission of the Bank – for which 60 days' prior notice shall be required.
II Selling of assets	The borrower shall not sell, assign, mortgage or otherwise dispose of any of the fixed assets charged to the Bank. However, fixed assets to the extent of 5% of gross block may be sold in any financial year provided such sale doesn't dilute FACR below minimum stipulated level.
B. Non financial covenants	
I Guarantee / Letter of Comfort	The borrower shall not undertake any guarantee or Letter of Comfort in the nature of guarantee on behalf of any other company (including group companies).
II Directors' remuneration	The borrower shall not change the practice with regards to remuneration of Directors by means of ordinary, remuneration or commission, scale of sitting fees, etc. except where mandated by any legal or regulatory provisions.

Annexure 4: Complexity level of various instruments rated for this company

Sr. No	Name of instrument	Complexity level
1	Debentures-Non Convertible Debentures	Simple
2	Fund-based - LT-Cash Credit	Simple
3	Fund-based - LT-Term Loan	Simple
4	Non-fund-based - ST-BG/LC	Simple

Annexure 5: Bank Lender Details for this Company

To view the lender wise details of bank facilities please [click here](#)

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument: CARE Ratings Ltd. has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careedge.in for any clarifications.

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About CARE Ratings Limited:

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