

Vippy Industries Limited

March 06, 2023

Facilities/Instruments	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
Long-term bank facilities	7.00 (Reduced from 10.00)	CARE A-; Negative	Reaffirmed; Outlook revised from Stable
Long-term / Short-term bank facilities	90.00 (Enhanced from 87.00)	CARE A-; Negative / CARE A2+	Reaffirmed; Outlook revised from Stable

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1

Rationale & Key Rating Drivers

The ratings assigned to the bank facilities of Vippy Industries Limited (VIL) continue to derive strength from the vast experience of its promoters in the edible oil and soya meal industry, established track record of operation along with proximity to raw material procuring area and strong product portfolio of non-genetically modified (non-GMO) soya products with focus on value-added products. The ratings continue to factor its growing scale of operations, adequate liquidity and comfortable leverage and moderate debt coverage indicators.

The ratings, however, continue to remain constrained on account of its thin profitability which had exhibited declining trend in last three years ended FY22 (FY refers the period from April 1 to March 31) and 9MFY23, large inventory holding requirement due to seasonality associated with availability of soya bean seeds, susceptibility of its profitability to volatile agro-commodity prices, foreign exchange fluctuation risk and presence of the company in the highly competitive soya meal and edible oil industry.

Rating sensitivities: Factors likely to lead to rating actions

Positive Factors

- Significant growth in scale of operations through increased sales of value-added products and thereby increasing profit before, interest, lease, depreciation, and tax (PBILDT) margin beyond 7% on sustained basis.

Negative Factors

- Any major debt-funded capex leading to deterioration in net overall gearing (adjusted for total debt less cash and bank including liquid investments) to more than 0.60x on sustained basis.
- Significant increase in the inventory holding level resulting in operating cycle beyond 90 days.
- Significant decline in PBILDT margin resulting in lower than envisaged cash accruals and deterioration in net debt / GCA level beyond 6x on sustained basis.

Analytical approach: Standalone

Outlook: Negative

The outlook assigned to the long-terms bank facilities of VIL has been revised from 'Stable' to 'Negative' on account of expectation of continued pressure on profitability, ROCE and cash accruals as witnessed during FY22 and 9MFY23 due to volatility in raw material prices which company was not able to pass on to its customers. This coupled with higher working capital borrowings is expected to result in moderation in debt coverage and return indicators. The outlook may be revised to 'Stable' in case of the company is able to achieve higher than envisaged scale of operations and profitability while maintaining comfortable leverage and debt coverage indicators.

¹Complete definition of the ratings assigned are available at www.careedge.in and other CARE Ratings Ltd.'s publications

Key strengths

Experienced promoters in the solvent extraction industry

VIL is managed by Rahul Mutha and Praneet Mutha in the capacity of Managing Director and Joint Managing Director respectively. Rahul Mutha has more than three decades long experience while Praneet Mutha has more than two decades of experience in the field of solvent extraction industry and they have strengthened the company's position as a producer of value-added soya products like defatted soya flour, soya grits and flakes for export as well as domestic market.

Established operation of the company with proximity to the raw material procuring area

VIL has established track record of over four decades in the solvent extraction and edible refining business. It has established its operation in 1973 followed by major technological up-gradation of its plant and machinery in 1995-96. It had since then successfully built its diversified portfolio of value-added non-genetically modified (non-GMO) soya products. Over the past few years, it has also added new soya-based value-added products to its product portfolio. VIL is based out of Madhya Pradesh, the largest soyabean-producing state in India, which makes it easier to procure quality soya seeds. It has tie-ups with farmers which enables it to procure soya seeds at low cost without any middlemen/intermediary. It is also geographically closer to local mandis selling soya seeds.

Strong product portfolio with diversified customer base

VIL crushes non-GMO soya bean seeds to extract crude soya oil and value added products such as soya grits, soya flour, soya flakes, soya chunks, soya hulls, refined edible soya oil, soya lecithin and soya fatty acid. It refines crude soya oil which it sells in bulk as well as under its own brand name "VAMA". In FY22, sale of DOC, refined oil and value-added products contributed 31%, 28% and 19% respectively (FY21: 22%, 29% and 26%) while lecithin and other by-products (including trading sales) contributed 23% to total operating income (TOI) (FY21: 23%). VIL has established and diversified customer base in domestic as well as export market with top 10 customers contributing 19% in FY22 (FY21:18%). Currently, the company is regularly exporting value-added non-GMO soya products to more than 40 countries across the globe with export forming 23% of net sales in FY22 (FY21: 20%). However, despite healthy proportion of value-added products, profitability has shown moderation as the company was not able to fully pass on increase in raw material prices to its customers.

Significant growth in scale of operation

TOI of VIL exhibited strong growth of 48.89% from ₹1,641.60 crore during FY21 to ₹2,443.94 crore during FY22 on the back of modest increase in sales volume and significant increase in the average sales realization in tandem with increase in input prices to an extent. Overall sales volume grew by 7.77% (excluding trading sales and by-product) during FY22 on y-o-y basis. During FY22, VIL had also undertaken trading activity which also contributed to its growth in TOI. On value terms, domestic sales grew by 42% and export sales grew by 76% during FY22 on y-o-y basis.

TOI during 9MFY23 reduced by 22% to ₹1454.24 crore (9MFY22: ₹1866.72 crore) mainly on back of moderation in sales volume by around 29% on y-o-y basis coupled with decline in the average sales realization with significant decline in crushing operations due to volatility in input prices and cheaper imports of oil in Indian market. CARE Ratings Limited (CARE Ratings) expects overall decline in TOI in FY23 as compared to FY22.

Comfortable leverage; albeit moderation in debt coverage indicators with increase in working capital requirement

VIL continues to have comfortable capital structure marked by overall gearing of 0.57x as on March 31, 2022 as compared with 0.85x as on March 31, 2021. Total outside liability to tangible net-worth too remained at 0.75x as on March 31, 2022 (1.02 as on March 31, 2021). Furthermore, the overall gearing on net debt level (debt net off free cash & bank balance) also remained at 0.40 times as on March 31, 2022 as compared to 0.64 times as on March 31, 2021. Furthermore, the overall gearing has deteriorated to 0.70 times as on December 31, 2022 on the back of modest accretion to reserves and significant increase in the working capital bank borrowings.

VIL's debt coverage indicator i.e. total debt to gross cash accruals (TDGCA) and total debt to PBILDT though improved remained moderate at 5.74x and 4.24x respectively during FY22. PBILDT interest coverage ratio remained at 7.13x during FY22 (FY21:

4.46x). However, the TDGCA and interest coverage has deteriorated to 10.09x and 3.96x respectively during 9MFY23 as compared to 3.35x and 11.95x respectively during 9MFY22.

Key Weaknesses

Thin profitability which had exhibited a declining trend in last three years ended FY22 and 9MFY23

PBILDT margin of VIL declined by 18 bps from 1.99% during FY21 to 1.80% during FY22 and remained very thin. For 9MFY23, PBILDT margin declined on y-o-y basis and remained at 2.07% as compared to 2.72% during 9MFY22. The moderation in PBILDT margin was due to significant increase in the raw material prices as well as increase in the selling expense (due to increase in the freight cost) which the company was unable to pass on fully to its customers (including soya meal) and higher base effect. The average soyabean prices in the domestic market had shown increasing trend from around ₹53 per kg March 2021 to around ₹76-78 per kg in March 2022 and reversal of trend was observed in 9MFY23 with decrease in price to around ₹53-55 per kg in December 2022. PBILDT margin of VIL were also impacted by low margin trading sales during FY22 and 9MFY23. Overall GCA levels were significantly lower compared to the envisaged level and is expected to remain subdued during FY23 with overall lower crushing operations and volatile input costs.

Large inventory holding requirement with seasonality associated with soya bean seeds

Soya bean seed is generally available from the onset of the harvesting season, viz, October till January and is procured locally from different mandis through commission agents and traders as well as from farmers. VIL's requirement of working capital is influenced by the seasonal availability and quality of soya bean seeds, which is generally high during peak season as well as crop prospect in the major soyabean growing countries across the globe. VIL funds its working capital requirement through own funds, working capital bank borrowings and overdraft against fixed deposit. Apart from these, VIL had also availed short-term loan during FY22 and 9MFY23 to fund its growing working capital requirement. As on March 31, 2022 VIL had total stock inventory of ₹295 crore compared with ₹286 crore as on March 31, 2021. Furthermore, the closing stock of inventory increased to ₹381 crore as on December 31, 2022.

Susceptibility of profitability to volatile raw material prices and foreign exchange fluctuation risk

VIL uses soya seeds and soya crude oil as its major raw material whose prices are determined based on demand and supply of soya seeds, which in turn depends upon rainfall, area under cultivation and government policies like minimum support price, import/export duty, etc. Prices are also susceptible to the international demand-supply gap and weather conditions in major soya growing nations such as USA, Brazil, China, India and Argentina.

As articulated by management, VIL follows adequate hedging policy to manage its export receivables as well as commodity risk. However, any inventory holding practice in the absence of adequate hedging poses a significant risk to its profitability in case of adverse price movement of raw material. Further, during FY22, VIL derived nearly 23% of its revenue (FY21: 20%) from exports whereas the import on the other side is negligible. Hence, VIL is a net exporter and thus exposed to adverse fluctuation in foreign currency exchange risk. However, the same is partially mitigated by the fact that VIL generally enters into forward contract as per company's hedging policy.

Presence in the competitive soya edible oil industry

Indian edible oil industry is highly competitive due to low entry barriers and low capital intensity. Thus, profitability is inherently thin and is further exposed to movement in raw material prices. The demand dynamics of the industry to an extent are also affected by the price differentials among edible oil variety like palm oil, sunflower oil, ground nut oil and cotton seed oil among others apart from price differential between the domestic soya bean seeds prices and international soya DOC prices. However, with increase in brand awareness, health consciousness and penetration of organized retail, the size of the branded edible oil industry is likely to increase, which would provide more pricing power to the organised branded players.

Liquidity: Adequate

VIL had adequate liquidity marked by adequate cash generation, low repayment obligation and moderate working capital utilization.

VIL is expected to earn GCA of ₹20-25 crore for FY23 whereas its total debt repayment obligation is around ₹3 crore for FY23. The average Fund-based working capital utilization (excluding OD limit utilization) remained moderate at 53.94% for the past 12 months ended December 31, 2022. Its liquidity is also supported by liquid investment of ₹53.31 crore as on March 31, 2022 and ₹41.44 crore as on December 31, 2022 which are marked against overdraft against FDs. Current ratio and quick ratio remained comfortable at 2.22x and 0.92x respectively as on March 31, 2022 as compared with 1.87x and 0.87x respectively as on March 31, 2021.

Applicable criteria

[Policy on default recognition](#)

[Financial Ratios – Non financial Sector](#)

[Liquidity Analysis of Non-financial sector entities](#)

[Rating Outlook and Credit Watch](#)

[Short Term Instruments](#)

[Manufacturing Companies](#)

[Policy on Withdrawal of Ratings](#)

About the company and industry

Industry Classification

Macro Economic Indicator	Sector	Industry	Basic Industry
Fast Moving Consumer Goods	Fast Moving Consumer Goods	Agricultural Food & other Products	Edible Oil

Established in 1973 as Vippy Solvex Private Limited, VIL (CIN: U15142MP1973PLC001225) is manufacturer and exporter of nongenetically modified (GMO) soya products. VIL is engaged in the extraction of soya oil from soya seeds, refining of crude soya oil and manufacturing of value-added soya-based products. The main products of VIL include refined soya oil, soya DOC, soya flakes, soya grits, soya floor, textured soya protein and soya lecithin which have application in food, feed, pharmaceutical and other industrial applications. VIL's manufacturing plant is located at Dewas, Madhya Pradesh (MP) with a solvent extraction capacity of 4,12,500 metric tonne per annum (MTPA) and oil refining capacity of 1,02,500 MTPA as on March 31, 2022.

Brief Financials (₹ crore)	March 31, 2021 (A)	March 31, 2022 (A)	9MFY23 (UA)
Total operating income	1,641.60	2,443.94	1454.24
PBILDT	32.65	44.09	30.07
PAT	24.42	26.94	13.85
Overall gearing (times)	0.85	0.57	0.70
Interest coverage (times)	4.46	7.13	3.96

A: Audited; UA: Unaudited; Note: the above results are latest financial results available

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not Applicable

Any other information: Not Applicable

Rating History for the last three years: Please refer Annexure-2

Covenants of rated instruments / facility: Not applicable

Complexity level of various instruments rated: Annexure- 4

Lender details: Annexure-5

Annexure 1: Details of Instrument/Facilities

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Size of the Issue (Rs. crore)	Rating assigned along with Rating Outlook
Fund-based - LT-Term Loan		-	-	July 2025	7.00	CARE A-; Negative
Fund-based - LT/ ST-Working Capital Limits		-	-	-	90.00	CARE A-; Negative / CARE A2+

Annexure 2: Rating History of last three years

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2021-2022	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2020-2021	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2019-2020
1	Fund-based - LT/ ST-Working Capital Limits	LT/ST*	90.00	CARE A-; Negative / CARE A2+	-	1)CARE A-; Stable / CARE A2+ (04-Mar-22)	1)CARE A-; Stable / CARE A2+ (04-Mar-21)	1)CARE A-; Stable / CARE A2+ (24-Feb-20)
2	Fund-based - LT-Term Loan	LT	7.00	CARE A-; Negative	-	1)CARE A-; Stable (04-Mar-22)	1)CARE A-; Stable (04-Mar-21)	-

* Long Term / Short Term

Annexure -3: Detailed explanation of covenants of the rated instrument//facilities: Not Applicable

Annexure -4: Complexity level of various instruments rated for this Company

Sr. No	Name of instrument	Complexity level
1	Fund-based - LT-Term Loan	Simple
2	Fund-based - LT/ ST-Working Capital Limits	Simple

Annexure-5: Lender details

To view the lender wise details of bank facilities please [click here](#)

Note on the complexity levels of the rated instruments: CARE Ratings has classified instruments rated by it on the basis of complexity. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careedge.in for any clarifications.

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About us:

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